Gen'l James A Beaver Mch 11

THE REPUBLICAN.

Established 1869. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1910 Vol. 40. No. 49.

TENER'S ELECTION IS CONFIDENTLY PREDICTED

Campaign of Slander and Personal Abuse Has Failed.

PATTON A SURE WINNER

His Election to Congress Over W. C. Heinle is Certain—Alexander Likely Winner in Three-Cornered Fight For State Senator.

With this week the campaign in Pennsylvania will close and on Tuesday, next, the people will register their verdict at the polls. All indications are that once more the people will repudiate the policy of slander, vilification and personal abuse resorted to by the so-called reformers and triumphantly elect John K. Tener Governor.

Mr. Tener has conducted a magnificent campaign. His dignified bearing, his open, frank manner in meeting voters face to face and his prompt action in protecting his good name have won for him the confidence and respect of the public. As Governor he will be called on to maintain the high standard of one of the best Chief Executives Pennsylvania has ever had—Edwin S. Stuart. In the closing days of the campaign it is significant to note that Governor Stuart calls upon the people to elect Mr. Tener. He, better than any other critic, friendly or unfriendly, is able and in position to judge whether Mr. Tener is qualified for the high office. Governor Stuart says he is and we confidently believe that his judgment will be splendidly vindicated.

In the Twenty-first Congressional District, of which Centre County is a part, the people must choose as between Charles E. Patton and William C. Heinle. Mr. Patton is a Republican. He is clean, able, rigidly honest and in every way fitted for the office to which he aspires. It is but the truth to say that he has proved to be one of the most popular candidates before the people of this county in many years. He has endeavored to visit as many sections of the county as was possible in the limited time at his disposal. Everywhere he has been he has created a most favorable impression. At no stage of the campaign has Mr. Patton indulged in a single word of criticism or abuse of his Democratic opponent. The question before the people is whether they want to protect or endanger a Republican majority in Congress—whether they want to safeguard or jeopardize the principle of the protective tariff. A vote for Mr. Patton is a vote for a Republican Congress, for a continuation of the protective tariff and for peace, progress and prosperity. A vote for Mr. Heinle is a vote for a Democratic Congress, for the overthrow of the protective tariff. Destroy the tariff and supplant it with free trade and there follows uncertainty and unrest in the business world.

The contest for State Senator in the Centre-Clearfield district is a three-cornered one. In the last few days Frederic R. Scofield, of DuBois, has been flooding the county with literature announcing himself an "Independent" candidate. Mr. Scofield, it will be recalled, tried to win the Republican nomination at the primaries and failed. He had no thought of becoming an "independent" candidate while he was out seeking the Republican nomination. Like most other "reformers" he has turned against his old party, not that the party was any different but simply because he matched his strength with that of another and more worthy man and the latter won.

The Republican nominee for State Senator is Joseph Alexander, of Madera, Clearfield County. Mr. Alexander is an old soldier. He is a loyal Republican. He went into the primaries and there won the nomination. He is a candidate on his record. He deserves to win and reports from the two counties indicate that he will be elected. His Democratic opponent is Dr. Samuel C. Stewart, of Clearfield, whose candidacy is fathered by those Democrats in Centre and Clearfield Counties who favor Grim rather than Berry for Governor.

Republican success in Centre County for the whole ticket depends entirely on the Republicans. The Democrats are badly divided. If Republicans go to the polls they cannot be defeated.

Two Good Games Scheduled.

Two exceptionally good football games are scheduled between the Bellefonte Academy and the Lock Haven State Normal School eleveus. The first game will be played here, on Saturday, November 12. The second game will be at Lock Haven, on the following Saturday, November 19.

Vote the straight Republican ticket.

VOTE IT STRAIGHT

REPUBLICAN	X
DEMOCRATIC	
PROHIBITION	
SOCIALIST	
INDEPENDENT	
INDUSTRIALIST	
KEYSTONE	
WORKINGMENS LEAGUE	

MURTY CUNNINGHAM DEAD

Was Oldest Resident of Bellefonte; Lived Here 76 Years.

Death, on Sunday night, last, closed the long and useful life of Murty Cunningham, for 76 years a citizen of Bellefonte and the oldest resident of the town. A stroke of paralysis on Saturday, the third in the last two or three years, marked the near approach of the end, although for two weeks his wonderful constitution had resisted dissolution, even though he was unable to take nourishment. Funeral services were held yesterday [illegible] o'clock and were attended by a large number of friends of the family.

Murty Cunningham was well and favorably known by not only the present but the older generation. He was born at Curtin's Works, June 21, 1832, and when but two years of age removed with his parents to Bellefonte, which was to be his home until the day of his death. His father died when Murty was two years of age, but his mother lived until nine or ten years ago, passing away at the ripe old age of 92. Murty Cunningham learned the trade of a molder and became skilled in that capacity. For twenty-one years he was foreman in the shops of the late William P. Duncan, afterward serving in a like capacity for the firm of Jenkins & Lingle. He subsequently engaged in the paving business. Among the work in this line which he did was the paving of the Diamond, just recently torn up to make room for the brick paving as a part of the State road. For a number of years Mr. Cunningham served as an instructor at State College for two terms each year, giving practical demonstrations in the foundry. He took great pride in his work and greatly prized photographs showing him with the several classes for which he had been an instructor.

Surviving Mr. Cunningham are a sister, Miss Mary Cunningham, aged 76 years and with whom he made his home for the last sixteen years, and the following children: Frank D., of Chicago; Edward J., of Linden Hall; J. Mitchell, George and Mrs. R. B. Taylor, of Bellefonte; Murty Jr., of New York, and William, of Beaver Falls. The late Mrs. V. J. Bauer was also a daughter.

State Scholarship Winners.

President Sparks, of State College, has announced the winners of Freshman scholarships for excellence in their entrance examinations: F. H. Graham, Landisburg, Perry county; H. J. Kastner, and W. F. Graham, Philadelphia; P. J. McGervey, Ingram, Allegheny county; W. O. Peters, Guernsey, Adams county.

The total registration at State College is 1467. With the short course men the membership is 1630, a gain of 200 over last year.

Death of William Nyman.

William Nyman, a well known resident of Curtin's Works, died on Friday, last, after an extended illness. Funeral services were held on Sunday, interment being made in the Advent cemetery. Deceased was an old soldier and during the war served his country with credit to himself and his regiment. He was aged 78 years and is survived by a widow and two children, Maggie and Lidy.

Vote the straight Republican ticket.

"SECOND MESSIAH" HELD FOR BEATING HIS WIFE

William Kessinger, of Eagleville, Under $500 Bail For Court.

WIFE GETS CHILDREN

Habeas Corpus Proceedings Before Judge Orvis—Defendant's Father Gave Bond for His Release From Sheriff's Custody.

William Kessinger, of Eagleville, who according to Squire Musser, claims to be a "Second Messiah," was on Tuesday held under $500 bail for Court on the charge of wife-beating. For a short time Kessinger was in the custody of the Sheriff. Eventually, the man's father, H. F. Kessinger, furnished bail and he was released.

Following the hearing before Squire Musser, proceedings in habeas corpus were held before Judge Orvis, instituted by Mrs. Kessinger to recover possession of her two small children, Thomas, aged 11 years, and Iva, aged 3 years. The children were in the father's possession. After hearing testimony, Judge Orvis directed that the children be placed in charge of their mother until the Court might make a final ruling in the case.

Kessinger attracts attention to himself by his peculiar manner of wearing his hair, which is so long that it falls over his shoulders. Just what claim he has to regarding himself a "Second Messiah" is not known. The charge of wife-beating was brought by Mrs. Kessinger, whose face and head gave every indication of violent handling. Accompanying Mrs. Kessinger at the hearing before Squire Musser were her two children and Rev. Mr. Patterson, of Eagleville.

Mrs. Kessinger alleged, according to Squire Musser, that on Friday night last she was repairing her children's clothing and that she was still at work at midnight when her husband arrived home. Because she was unwilling to stop her work and retire for the night, she testified, her husband violently struck her several times with his fist. One of the woman's eyes was terribly bruised and her head was badly swollen. She swore that the injuries were inflicted by her husband. Her two children were not placed under oath. The elder of the children, however, corroborated the mother's testimony.

At the conclusion of the hearing Squire Musser held Kessinger for Court under $500 bail. By Colonel E. R. Chambers, counsel for Kessinger, it was stated that the latter was worth $1000 and the request was made that he be held in his own recognizance. Clement Dale, counsel for Mrs. Kessinger, opposed this. Squire Musser ruled against Kessinger and directed that he furish another bondsman or be committed to jail. Kessinger's father was communicated with and he gave bond for the release of his son.

Hospital Notes.

Mrs. Susan Saul, of Bellefonte; operation.

Miss Eva Archey, of Bellefonte; operation.

Miss Emma Barnes, of Bellefonte; operation.

Mrs. Harriet Swiler, of Bellefonte; operation.

Miss Mary Confer, of Waddle; admitted for treatment.

"Captain" Margaret Peedom, Salvation Army; admitted for treatment.

Paving Allegheny Street.

Contractor R. B. Taylor started work yesterday afternoon on the job of paving Allegheny Street, from Pike Alley to Bishop Street, with Clearfield brick. He has secured an expert brick layer, who has had considerable experience in street paving, to take charge of the work.

Vote the straight Republican ticket.

DEATH OF JOHN P. ROCKEY

Well Known Farmer Dies From Typhoid Fever at His Home at Zion.

A sudden death, and one which occasioned the deepest sorrow among a host of friends, was that of John P. Rockey, on Friday, last, at his late home, at Zion. Funeral services were held, at Zion, on Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, and were largely attended.

Mr. Rockey had been ill about two weeks, his condition being critical during the greater part of the time. A day or two before his death he suffered an internal hemorrhage and this so weakened his system that he never rallied.

Deceased was aged 50 years. He was a farmer and as such was remarkably successful. Hard working and industrious, he had the satisfaction of living to see his farm become one of the most prosperous in all that section of the county. Being endowed with an exceptionally strong, robust constitution, his numerous friends confidently believed that he would recover when they first learned of his illness. The news of his death was a shock to all.

Surviving are a widow, who was formerly Miss Abbie Bilger, and the following children: Frank, of Jersey City, N. J.; Arthur, Harry, Cryder, Helen, Anna, and Maude, at home. The following brothers and sisters also survive: Charles, of Hiawatha, Kansas; George, William, Mrs. Christ Decker, of Bellefonte, and Mrs. Nathaniel Yearick, of Jacksonville.

Young Man Killed.

A rather mysterious death is reported from Sugar Valley, a son of Daniel Yost, a well known farmer, being found dead in the woods on Tuesday afternoon, last. The young man was aged 21 years. He was out hunting rabbits during the day and when found his gun was lying along side his dead body. In the side of the body was a gaping wound. Reports from the scene of the tragedy are to the effect that the young man had placed the gun at his side and had then discharged it by kicking a stick attached to the trigger. No motive for the shooting has been discovered beyond the report that the young man resented hunting [illegible] when he wanted to go rabbit hunting.

New Lights for Boalsburg.

The pretty town of Boalsburg is to be still further beautified by the installation of a modern gasoline lighting system. Six large gasoline lights will be placed in the streets. One of the lights is already in place. The total cost will be over $200, which amount is being raised by popular subscription. The citizens of Boalsburg propose holding an ice cream, cake and oyster festival in the next few weeks, the proceeds to be devoted to the street lighting fund.

"Some Potatoes."

Dr. J. Coburn Rogers this week exhibited to his friends two remarkably large potatoes, received by him from John F. Grove, of Peru. One of the potatoes had twelve large tubers and weighed 2½ pounds. The other potato had no tubers, but weighed 2 ¾ pounds.

Miss Beltz Hospital Supt.

Miss Laura Beltz has been chosen superintendent at the Bellefonte hospital, succeeding Miss Lois V. Calderwood, resigned. Miss Beltz was formerly head nurse and is succeeded in that capacity by Mrs. Liggett.

Child's Arm Cut.

While at play at the new High School building, on Tuesday afternoon, 12-year-old Ella Musser, daughter of Horace Musser, plunged her hand through a glass door. She sustained a cut in her arm which required several stitches.

Had Fine Apple Crop.

Edward Haupt, whose orchard near town is the envy of many fruit growers, this year had an exceptionally fine crop of apples. He recently shipped several carloads to eastern markets.

Vote the straight Republican ticket.

Governor Stuart Says:

"If Pennsylvania goes Democratic this time it will be heralded all over the country that this rock-bound Republican Commonwealth has fallen into the Democratic column. I do not think that is going to happen. The best thing we can do is to stand by one another; stand by the party that has made this country and this State great, and vote the Republican ticket.

"If, on November 8 next, the word shall go out to the country that Pennsylvania has gone Republican, that will have an important bearing upon the next national campaign for the Presidency of the United States. There is but one thing for us to do, and that is to support the Republican party."

"EVIDENCE POINTS TO GUILT OF DELIGE"

Says Dist. Atty. Runkle--Predicts Negro will be Held for Court on Charge of Murdering Mrs. John Baudis, at Scotia.

That the evidence in hand will surely cause Bert Delige to be held for court on the charge of murdering Mrs. John Baudis, at Scotia, is the confident prediction of District Attorney Runkle. Delige's hearing is scheduled for 10 o'clock, on Thursday, November 10, before Judge Orvis. The hearing will be held in the court room.

District Attorney Runkle declines to disclose what additional evidence has been gathered by the Commonwealth. He declares that he has not received the report on the chemical examination of certain spots on the clothing worn by Delige on the night of the murder. Without revealing the evidence in his possession District Attorney Runkle, however, made this statement to the editor of "The Republican."

"All the evidence points to the guilt of Delige. I have every confidence that he will be held for Court. It is my intention to have him tried in December."

Delige now has two lawyers to take charge of his defense. Judge Orvis has appointed W. D. Zerby to assist Colonel E. R. Chambers in defending the negro suspect. Colonel Chambers and Mr. Zerby, with a stenographer, visited Scotia on Monday to secure such evidence as could be had in the interest of the prisoner.

Delige, in his cell in the County jail, has nothing to say. By direction of his counsel he maintains a deep silence in regard to the murder and his whereabouts on the night of the crime.

It so happens that Delige is the only prisoner in the jail at the present time. When he was arrested and confined in a steel cell there were a number of other prisoners in the jail, but since that time they have been released or removed to other prisons to serve sentences.

By both the District Attorney and counsel for Delige it is positively asserted that the razor owned by the prisoner, and which has been strangely missing since Mrs. Baudis was murdered, has not been found. There have been numerous rumors of the finding of the razor, but to all of these positive denial is made by those in best position to know.

When Delige faces his accusers at the hearing on Thursday, next, the prosecution will produce only such evidence as is deemed necessary to have him bound over for Court. That the Commonwealth is in possession of important evidence which will be withheld until the trial is the assertion of persons familiar with the investigation and the developments since the finding of Mrs. Baudis' body in a pool of blood a short distance from her home. That this evidence includes the statement of a witness that he saw Delige coming in a direction from the field in which the murder was committed the prosecution will neither deny nor confirm.

Despite all the investigation thus far no additional light has been shed on the probable motive for the cruel murder. By a process of elimination it is argued:

That Mrs. Baudis' age precludes the likelihood of assault.

That the known poverty of the murdered woman disposes of any theory of robbery.

It is believed by all, and especially by the residents of Scotia, that the murderer of Mrs. Baudis was not a stranger in that community. So strong is this belief among the people at Scotia that after recounting all the circumstantial evidence in the mystery, they ask:

"If Delige is not guilty, who is the murderer?"

At this writing, just as was the case on the day following the murder, Delige is the only person under suspicion and the Commonwealth is working to establish his guilt.

That the motive was a long-slumbering hatred, suddenly aroused by a quarrel with the murdered woman is the theory most generally believed at Scotia. To all appearances, the fiend attempted to sever the woman's head. Delige denies that he had any quarrel with Mrs. Baudis. He admits that at the time she was murdered she owed him $16 or $17. He denies, however, that he ever so much as asked her for it. This statement by the prisoner is ridiculed by the Commonwealth and also by the people of Scotia. Delige asserts that while he met and spoke to Mrs. Baudis as late as 7 o'clock on the evening of the murder, or about one half hour before she was killed, he went to his home, a short distance away and went to bed and did not learn of the crime until the following morning. This, likewise, is scoffed at by the Commonwealth in view of the fact that the entire community was aroused by the murder and that the greatest excitement prevailed during the remainder of the night.

Numerous visits to Scotia by District Attorney Runkle have brought to light evidence conflicting with Delige's version as to his whereabouts and movements about the time of the murder and immediately afterward. It is not likely, however, that this will be produced until Delige is brought to trial.

In the event that Delige is held for Court he must remain in jail until his trial. In a case of this kind bail cannot be accepted, even should Delige be able to find a bondsman.

EDITOR KURTZ WEDS

His Bride Miss Lois V. Calderwood; Surprise for Friends.

Up at the "Centre Democrat" office this week all hands are smoking 25 cent cigars and cutting up all manner of high jinks. Over at the Elks, just across the street, everybody is convalescing after a feast of sauer kraut and fixin's. Out at the Bellefonte hospital a big freezer of ice cream and all kinds of luscious cake added to the gayety of things in general. The cause of all this celebrating was the quiet and equally unexpected wedding on Sunday evening of Charles R. Kurtz, editor of the "Centre Democrat," and Miss Lois V. Calderwood, superintendent of the Bellefonte hospital. The ceremony was performed at 9 o'clock, at the home of the groom, with Rev. Dr. Thomas S. Wilcox officiating.

It happened that Sunday was Editor Kurtz's birthday. Just when he secured the marriage license is a mystery. The first that his friends learned of the culmination of the romance was on Monday morning, when the postman delivered printed announcements. Inquiry proved it to be true that the "Centre Democrat" had taken on another subscriber

Mrs. Kurtz has for some time past been the very efficient superintendent at the hospital. During her stay in Bellefonte she has made a host of warm friends, all of whom wish for her many years of happiness.

Coaching Party to Lewistown.

On Thursday of last week a four-horse coaching party, composed of Mrs. George B. Thompson, Miss Cecile DeLagarde, Miss Anna Valentine, Miss Mary Irvin Thompson, Miss Hilda Thompson, Theodore D. Boal, Captain McCoy, of the U. S. cavalry, John Irvin Thompson and George B. Thompson, left "Boalsplace", at Boalsburg, and enjoyed a most delightful trip to Lewistown, over the Seven Mountains, and at Lewistown attended the wedding of Charles Thompson and Miss Martha Goodhart, which was quite a social event. The return trip to Beoalsburg was made the following day.

Election Predictions.

By Republican County Chairman Keller—"Tener will carry Centre County by 500 to 1000 plurality. Patton for Congress, and Alexander, for State Senator, will be easy winners in the County."

By Democratic County Chairman Kimport—"I have no estimate to give out at this time. Any prediction at this stage would be mere guess work."

By W. Miles Walker, Keystone party manager—"I actually believe Berry will have 600 plurality, at least, in the County. Tener will be second and Grim third."

A Manly Pledge.

To the people of Centre County John K. Tener gives this pledge:

"If elected Governor of this State I will positively serve no personal ambition. My only desire will be to so execute the duties of that high office that it may reflect credit not only upon me, my family and the people of this Commonwealth, but also upon the great party which has nominated me."

Vote the straight Republican ticket.

TENER'S DEFAMER UNDER $5000 BAIL FOR COURT

Editor of "North American" Held After Hearing in Phila.

CANDIDATE IS CHEERED

Enthusiastically Greeted by Spectators at Conclusion of Hearing—Denied Engaging in Any Dishonest Business Enterprise.

E. A. VanValkenburg, editor of the Philadelphia "North American", was on Friday, last, held under $5000 bail for court on the charge of maliciously slandering John K. Tener, Republican nominee for Governor. Mr. Tener was the chief witness at a hearing before Magistrate William Gallagher, in Philadelphia. Mr. Tener, fully and frankly, denied that he had ever engaged in or allowed the use of his name for any dishonest business enterprise. At the conclusion of the hearing Mr. Tener was enthusiastically applauded by the crowd assembled outside the Magistrate's office.

A. S. L. Shields was chief counsel for Mr. Tener. Former Judge James Gay Gordon was counsel for Mr. VanValkenburg. In opening the hearing, Mr. Shields said:

"The defendant, E. A. VanValkenburg, is charged in his warrant with wilful and defamatory libel. The warrant is based upon the affidavit of Mr. Tener who is the prosecutor in this case. Mr. Tener is a resident of Charleroi, Pa. He has lived a life of probity and righteousness and his conduct has been such that his neighbors and constituents have respected him, and they have acclaimed him by sending him as a Congressman to Washington.

"This citizen of Pennsylvania is known and honored by all his neighbors and friends. His family name has never been besmirched and he has been nominated by a Republican convention of the State of Pennsylvania as the unanimous choice for Governor of this Commonwealth. Mr. Tener has submitted his name to the citizens of Pennsylvania as a candidate for this office. The defendant is very active as controller and director of a newspaper called the "North American." He indited a communication, as it is called, to one of the Senators of Pennsylvania, which will be offered in evidence.

"In that communication the Senator was asked to have Mr. Tener withdraw as a candidate for Governor and a threat was made to publish certain matter that would effectually ruin him if he did not do so. To show you that it was not only a scheme, but that it had behind it a malice that is exceptional, we will show you that this same newspaper, over the signature of the advertising manager, called attention to the fact that the slander would be published and recommended increased sales of the paper. Such a notice was sent out to every newsdealer in this State, and we shall offer this letter in evidence, as showing express malice on the part of the defendant.

"The libel was published. The threat failed entirely, and from that day on those libels have been kept up, it is true with less venom than before the warrant was issued. The citizen who was to have been harmed by the publications is of the highest type of manhood, and he will not take advantage of any technicality. Therefore, he has insisted upon his right to go upon the stand, and to submit himsels to the cross-examination of the able counsel for the defendant."

After offering in evidence the copies of the newspaper in which the alleged libels were printed, Mr. Shields called Mr. Tener to the stand. The candidate for Governor took the oath in a firm voice and faced Mr. Shields. The attorney began to question the witness, addressing him as "Governor," He asked him if he had read the articles printed, assailing his character, and Mr. Tener answered that he had.

"Was there any truth in them?" asked Mr. Shields.

"Absolutely none," answered Mr. Tener, firmly and decisively. "I object to these articles attacking my integrity."

"Now, Governor," continued Mr. Shields, "kindly state the facts concerning your connection with the National Public Utilities Company."

Mr. Tener replied:

"In December last I was visited in my apartments at Washington by Frank L. Smart and W. L. Chrisman, who explained to me the project of a railroad in Oregon which was to run from Astoria to Seaside and later penetrate some valuable timber lands. After setting forth the plans in detail they asked me to become president, but I declined because of too many other business connections. At a subsequent conference, however, I promised to consider the proposition, which I did. I at once sought out my colleague, Judge Ellis, who represents he Oregon district in which the properties were located. He told me that he knew the country well and that he believed the proposition would prove profitable. I made a full inquiry.

"I then inquired through my business friends in Philadelphia concerning William L. Chrisman and learned that he was a reputable corporation lawyer."

At this point Mr. Shields interrupted:

"Mr. Mackey is also a member of the Committee of Seventy."

Continuing, Mr. Tener said.

"Having satisfied myself of the integrity as well as the ability of Chrisman, and learning that the proposition had already been launched and had started in business, I accepted a position as president.

"I was to get $5000 annually. I do not recall that at any of the conferences anyone said anything about giving me a stock bonus. A few weeks afterwards I received a certificate of 500 shares of stock, valued at $50,000. I returned the stock."

Mr. Shields interrupted the witness to say:

"State fully, and in detail, all about that stock transaction."

"After I was elected president," continued Mr. Tener, "it came to me by mail. I decided not to accept it because I thought I had not earned it. I did not even lock it in my safe. I letf it on my desk to be returned. When I returned it, I sent a letter saying that as I had not earned the stock, I would not accept the bonus. I suggested that it be laid away until such time as the company might decide that I had earned it, or that some one else was better entitled to it than I was."

"I don't think mention was made during the Washington conference concerning a stock bonus, but there may have been."

At this point Mr. Shields presented in evidence several letters bearing out Mr. Tener's statements, and the witness continued:

"At one of the conferences, I suggested that Mr. Bennett, a competent engineer, be sent to investigate the property. He was sent to Oregon and soon sent me favorable reports as to the conditions out there.

"I was convinced that the company was a legitimate concern, with a good proposition." so I accepted the presidency. I was forced to resign in March of this year, owing to the press of other business. I resigned both as president and director, to take effect on April 1."

"What have you to say to the charge that you are the associate of crooks and swindlers?" asked Mr. Shields.

"I have never associated with crooks or swindlers, convicted or unconvicted." declared Mr. Tener, with some display of feeling. "Everybody in my home town knows that, and the people in other parts of this State are learning it."

In reply to a question as to his knowledge of Smart, Mr. Tener said that he knew Smart for several years and that he met him in connection with reputable insurance companies.

"When did you hear for the first time anything against the integrity or character of this man?" asked Mr. Shields.

Mr. Tener raising his voice in the first show of heat he had exhibited, declared:

"I never heard a word to his discredit until I read those slanderous and libelous articles. I knew him always as the associate of reputable men."

From the North American of October 24, Mr. Shields read:

"John K. Tener stands sponsor for swindling the public out of $1,400,000."

Mr. Tener denied he was sponsor for any such thing. He also denied the following charge:

"John K. Tener, who sold his name for $5000 and a gift of $50,000 in stock."

Mr. Shields then read:

"He (Tener) admits connection with swindlers."

"I never made any such admission." said Mr. Tener. "I never associated with swindlers."

Reading further Mr. Shields quoted:

"John K. Tener is an associate of swindlers and connected with such promotions."

"I was never associated with swindlers," said Mr. Tener. "It is not my reputation, home or abroad." The witness said further that he did not know Leslie Haines, who was connected with one of the original companies, and who, it is alleged, was arrested for false pretense. He said that he had no knowledge that four companies had been taken over to form the Utilities Company. He also denied with great vigor this statement made by the North American:

"Tener joined hands in fleecing men and became associated with those known to be professional promoters of swindles, one of whom has already been associated with a shady deal."

Mr. Shields then turned over the witnessto Judge Gordon for cross-examination. Former Judge Gordon opened his remarks by saying: "Now, Mr. President."

"Why do you call me that?" demanded Mr. Tener.

"You were president of the Utilities Company, and you are president of the Charleroi Bank, aren't you? Besides, Mr. Shields called you Governor."

"I called him Governor because he will be in a few months." declared Mr. Shields, quickly, raising a laugh in the room.

Former Judge Gordon then proceeded. He asked Mr. Tener when the last recess of Congress took place. Mr. Tener replied that he forgot. Then he was asked if he was in Washington on December 19. Again he said he could not remember the date, and Mr. Shields interrupted, saying:

"I do not believe you could tell us where you were on December 18, could you, Judge?"

Former Judge Gordon abandoned this line of questioning, and asked Mr. Tener when he had his conference with Mr. Smart and Mr. Chrisman in Washington. Mr. Tener said that it was in the latter part of December, but he could not name the date exactly. He was asked if he had inquired into its finances and its standing. He replied that he had made such an examination.

"Whom did you ask about the proposition other than the Congressman from Oregon you mentioned?"

"I asked both Congressmen from that State."

"Anybody else?"

"I asked a number of others in a general way."

"Who were they?"

"I cannot recall on the moment. My inquiries were general."

"Did you inquire as to how much money the company had in its treasury?"

"No, I did not."

"Do you mean to say that you went into this company as president without inquiring as to its finances or its property?"

"I did not think it was necessary. I made inquiries which convinced me that the promoters were decent men, and I had faith in Mr. Chrisman."

"How much money or stock did Chrisman and Smart have?"

"I do not know."

"Did you get any stock in the company before you went in as president?"

"I cannot remember whether the stock was sent to me before or after I entered the company. At any rate I returned it."

"Did you ever attend a meeting of the Board of Directors?"

"I do not think I did."

"As a matter of fact, did you ever perform an act as president of this company?"

"Well, I secured the services of Mr. Bennett as an engineer for one thing."

"Did you do anything officially?"

"I do not recall that I did."

"How many shares did you hold at the time you were elected president?"

"I think it was 330 shares."

"What difference does that make?" interrupted Mr. Shields. "Does a man have to hold stock to be a president of a company?"

"The counsel for the other side had better look up the law on this subject." replied former Judge Gordon.

Former Judge Gordon then went on with the same line of questioning in an attempt to make Mr. Tener contradict himself. Mr. Tener showed a willingness to answer all of the lawyer's queries, but Mr. Shields objected to a further examination along this line, and the magistrate upheld him.

Mr. Tener was then questioned as to his connection with the Investment Sales Company, another corporation which sold stock for National Utilites. Mr. Tener said that he owned some of the stock, but futher questioning was interrupted by a heated argument among the lawyers concerning the right of former Judge Gordon to pursue this line of examination. The magistrate finally stopped this argument and ordered that the examination of the witness go on.

Former Judge Gordon then when on to ask whether Mr. Tener's resignation as president had been accepted. He said he had received no notification, but had taken it for granted that it had been.

Mr. Tener was then asked if he had ever given a proxy for the voting of his stock. He replied that he could not recall. He was then asked why he gave proxy for the voting of shares which he had claimed to have returned and never accepted.

"I said I could not remember giving any such proxy", answered Mr. Tener.

"Did you not say in a public speech that you never owned a share of the stock of this company?" demanded Judge Gordon.

"What I meant was that I had returned the stock which had been given to me. I suppose that my name as owner was on the books for a time, but I never accepted the stock."

From the Farm.

When the world wants good cows, horses, sheep, hens and hogs it sends out to the farms and gets them.

When it wants good things to eat it writes a letter to the farmers and is never disappointed in getting just what it orders.

When it wants the choicest fruit, our farms have it. If fruit is not plentiful in the East, there is the great West to draw from.

When it is looking for homes for the thousands in other lands who never knew what home really is, it sends to this great country of ours.

When the world feels the need of men to do great things, it reaches out its hand to the farm, and says: "You have just the ones we want. Send them to us! It is a time of sore stress; do not fail us!"

And from the farms a steady stream of men goes to answer the call. You find them in the offices, in the factories, in the stores of the great cities. They are doing much of the world's work today, and they will always be doing it; for the farm grows just that kind of men.

The world gets its best from the farm; and there is a plenty left. Let's be thankful for that!—Farm Journal.

Bilious? Feel heavy after dinner? Tongue coated? Bitter taste? Complexion sallow? Liver needs waking up. Doan's Regulets cure bilious attack. 25 cents at any drug store.

A Fake Scheme Exposed.

There is a fake scheme being worked in various part of Pennsylvania, which Professor H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, has exposed and is warning persons against. He has received many letters on this subject, the following of which is typical, coming from a correspondent in Collegeville:

"A man came into this section, stating he was authorized by the State to treat trees affected by San Jose scale, by inserting a poison filled capsule under the bark of the tree. This poison was to be carried by the sap to all parts of the tree, and so kill the scale.

"Is this treatment effective in killing the scale without injuring the trees? I shall be very grateful for information on this subject."

In reply to this Professor Surface said:

"His statements are false and his method is wrong. Several times unscrupulous persons have tried to gain the confidence and obtain money of the people of this State, by the statement that they are employed by this office or Department. All such imposters should be arrested for false pretense, and such other charges as can be brought against them, and such imposition can then be checked, even if they cannot wholly be stopped.

"This office authorizes no persons to treat or destroy trees, excepting our regularly appointed inspectors, who carry certificates of appointment, stamped with the seal of the Department of Agriculture and properly signed. Also, we do no work in treating trees, excepting that which is done as public demonstration work, inviting the public in to see how it is done, as a useful public lesson in the community. More than this, we do no other treatment of trees than the pruning and spraying, being assured that the best possible means of controlling the San Jose scale and certain other pests is by the use of the spray pump.

"No poison can be put into the system of the tree by injecting it under the bark in such manner that it will be taken up through the sap. You will find the safest, cheapest and more effective means of treating the San Jose scale to be thoroughly spraying with strong boiled lime-sulphur wash, applied at any time while the trees are dormant. If they are much infested you should make two applications, one just after the leaves drop, and another when the buds are swelling in the spring."

ACT QUICKLY

Delay Has Been Dangerous in Bellefonte.

Do the right thing at the right time.
Act quickly in times of danger.
Backache is kidney danger
Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly.
Cure all distressing, dangerous kidney ills.

Plenty of evidence to prove this.

Mrs. J. F. Thal, 23 W. Thomas St., Bellefonte, Pa., says. "I am very grateful to Doan's Kidney Pills for what they have done for me. My back ached for a long time and I had severe pains in my kidneys, accompanied by headaches and attacks of dizziness. The kidney secretions were too frequent in passage and caused me no end of annoyance. When my attention was called to Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured a supply at Green's Pharmacy Co. and it did not take them long to give me relief. I cheerfully recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone afflicted with kidney complaint. (Statement given Oct. 21, 1907.)

They never fail. When Mrs. Thal was interviewed on Nov. 22, 1909 she said:" I still have unlimited confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills for whenever I have used them in the past two years, they have benefited me. You may continue to publish my former endorsement of this remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Hexamethylenetetramine.

Is the name of a German chemical, one of the many valuabe ingredients of Foley's Kidney Remedy. Hexamethylenetetramine is recognized by medical text books and authorities as a uric acid solvent and anti-septic for the urine. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy promptly at the first sign of kidney trouble and avoid a serious malady. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

DOCTORS FAILED. RESTORED BY PERUNA.

Catarrh of the Lungs Threatened Her Life.

Miss Ninette Porter, Braintree, Vermont, writes: "I have been cured by Peruna.

"I had several hemorrhages of the lungs. The doctors did not help me much and would never have cured me.

"I saw a testimonial in a Peruna almanac of a case similar to mine, and I commenced using it.

"I was not able to wait on myself when I began using it. I gained very slowly at first, but I could see that it was helping me.

"After I had taken it a while I commenced to raise up a stringy, sticky substance from my lungs. This grew less and less in quantity as I continued the treatment.

"I grew more fleshy than I had been for a long time, and now I call myself well."

A Household Medicine.

To be really valuable must show equally good results from each member of the family using it. Foley's Honey and Tar does just this. Whether for children or grown persons Foley's Honey and Tar is best and safest for all coughs and colds. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Good Results Always Follow.

The use of Foley Kidney Pills. They are upbuilding, strengthening and soothing. Tonic in action, quick in results. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Certainly You Want the

Best Insurance

You can get for the money. Then see

John F. Gray & Son

for Fire, Accident, Health, Steam Boiler, Employers Liability and Plate Glass Insurance.

OFFICE
Crider's Stone Bl'dg
High Street,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Why Suffer?

If you suffer pain from any cause, Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills will relieve it—and leave no bad after-effects. That's the important thing. Neither do they create a habit. More often the attacks become less frequent, or disappear altogether. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills have no other effect except to relieve pain and quiet nervous irritation.

"We are never without Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. My husband and son, aged 15 were always subject to sick headache until we began using these Pills, and they have broken them up entirely. Don't think they have had to use them for six months. I recommend them to every one. A few weeks ago I heard an old lady friend was sick. I went to see her. She was down with LaGrippe, and nearly crazy with awful backache. I gave her one of the Anti-Pain Pills and left another for her to take in a short time. They helped her right away, and she says she will never be without them again. Last winter my husband was taken with pluerisy on both sides, and I know he would have died if it hadn't been for the Pills. In less than half an hour he was sweating, and went to bed and slept."
MRS. G. H. WEBB,
Austinburg, Ohio.

Your druggist sells Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, and we authorize him to return the price of first package (only) if it fails to benefit you.
Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

FOLEY'S ORINO LAXATIVE
FOR STOMACH TROUBLE and CONSTIPATION

Bellefonte Trust Company.

CAPITAL, $125,000.00 - - - - - - SURPLUS, $30,000.00

Call and examine our Savings Department.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee and Assignee.

—— OFFICERS ——

J. L. Spangler, ... President.
John P. Harris, ... Treasurer.
Ross A. Hickok, . . Vice President.
Isaac Mitchell, Asst. Treas. & Sec'y.

—— DIRECTORS ——

J. L. Spangler, — Ross A. Hickok,
C. T. Gerberich, — A. C. Mingle,
J. Henry Cochran, — Claude Cook,
John P. Harris.

Both Speedy and Effective.

This indicates the action of Foley Kidney Pills as S. Parsons, Battle Creek, Mich. Illustrates:" I have been afflicted with a severe case of kidney and bladder trouble for which I found no relief until I used Foley Kidney Pills. These cured me entirely of all my ailments. I was troubled with backaches and severe shooting pains with annoying urinary irregularities. The steady use of Foley Kidney Pills rid me entirely of all my former troubles. They have my highest recommendation." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Dressed In "Black And Yellow"

Not "Football Colors" but the color of the carton containing Foley's Honey and Tar the best and safest cough remedy for all coughs and colds. Do not accept a substitute but see that you get the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar in a yellow carton with black letters. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository
D. Matt. Thompson, Sup't Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Keyes Ford, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. R. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.
SOLD IN BELLEFONTE BY C. M. PARISH
Call for Free Sample

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA LIME

H-O is hydrated lime for drilling or broadcasting; it gives quick results.

For best results from your land, USE LIME, ordinary lime, fresh forkings or, best of all,

USE H-O

Lime for Chemical and Building purposes.
Crushed limestone, any size, for concreting, & c.
Lime and Limestone for all purposes.
We are the Largest lime manufacturers in Pennsylvania
Prompt shipment by any Railroad.

Works at Bellefonte, Frankstown, Spring Meadows, Tyrone Forge, and Union Furnace.

American Lime & Stone Company,

Write for literature on Lime and its uses.

Office: TYRONE, PA.

You Cannot Afford to be Without a Bank Account.

In urging you to open a bank account and to conduct your business systematically we do you a greater favor than we do ourselves. The high standard of service and treatment accorded our customers is evidence of our appreciation of their patronage. You cannot afford to be without banking facilities.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Capital $100,000. Surplus $125,000.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the last week by Recorder Brown:

Robert Glenn et ux to Rosie Gatens, March 3, 1888, tract land in Benner township; $275.

Rev. P. McArdle to Margery Oliger, October 15, 1910, tract land in Benner township; $50.

Minerva Garbrick to Ottis Garbrick et al, October 8, 1910, tract land in Walker township; $1.

J. C. McCloskey et al to A. N. Lucas, October 20, 1910, tract land in Liberty township; $2150.

G. C. Harvey et ux to John C. Harvey, August 16, 1909, tract land in College township; $900.

L. E. Stover et ux to Atlantic Refining Company, October 18, 1910, tract land in Penn township; $400.

E. F. Meyers to Mary Shawley, May 1, 1910, tract land in State College; $1.

Jared Harper et ux to James Flack, October 19, 1910, tract land in Spring township; $800.

Sadie Brettjet al to A. A. Hassinger, October 7, 1910, tract land in Philipsburg; $575.

G. F. Goss et ux to A. A. Hassinger, October 14, 1910, tract land in Philipsburg; $1.

Lehigh Valley Coal Company to Andro Kosko, September 26, 1910, tract land in Snow Shoe township; $375.

Alfred C. Leathers et ux to C. C. Snyder, October 11, 1910, tract land in State College; $350.

H. R. Everett to E. A. Bartges, August 9, 1910, tract land in Penn township; $25.

Matilda A. Dale to J. H. Schreck, September 28, 1910, tract land in College township; $200.

Eliza J. DeLong, et al to Tracy A. Spangler, May 12, 1904, tract land in Eagleville; $150.

I. J. Dreese to Carolyn S. Dale, August 22, 1910, tract land in State College; $525.

W. S. Buddinger, admr., to Maria E. Miller, October 22, 1910, tract land in Boggs township; $425.

Hints for Stock Owners.

Scratches are caused by exposure to cold and wet, local irritation or low condition, all of which should be avoided if possible. In simple cases apply cloths wet with a weak solution of sugar of lead, and in winter cover to keep out cold. When cracks have appeared, apply a similar lotion with the addition of a few drops of carbolic acid. In case of discharge or pustules, make a lotion of chloride of zinc instead of the lead; finely-powdered charcoal may be sprinkled over the cloths.

Let the flock harvest the small turnips on the ground.

That old sheep that snuffles will be done for before spring. Let her go now.

To have good-sized sheep they must be grown rapidly while young, and it is important to give them a good start.

Be sure there are no ticks on the ewes. It is very costly to winter ticks and it doesn't pay. It is impossible to fatten a sheep infested with ticks. Look out for them.

Bring the fattening pigs from pasture to concentrated feed gradually.

The brood sows should have two compartments, one for feeding and one for sleeping.

Look out carefully for the drainage of the hog pen. Where does it go? Surely it must not find its way to the well or into a stream!

If you don't want your hogs to eat up every hen they can get, give them a variety of food, so that they will not be so carniverous in their appetite.

Keep the horse doing something every day. An idle horse will be a sick horse before you know it.

With the fall letting up of work, let up on the heavy feed. Like men, horses doing little work should eat little.

Some of the cracks in the stable can be stopped up more cheaply than you can feed oats to keep the horses warm.

Mares bred in November will foal the following October, after most of the farm work is done, and the flies are gone.

Some men start for the doctor when they have a sick horse. Others feed well, care well, and drive well, so they never have to go to the doctor.

Begin to take the chill off the water you give the horses when the weather gets cold. You can heat it cheaper on the stove than you can in the stomach of the horse.

Don't depend upon the frost-bitten pasture; there is nothing in it.

A little neglect at this time of year may start a long winter of loss.

The pinch of a frosty night will make a big hole in the pocketbook.

Feeding a lot of dry or nearly dry cows in the winter is almost as wasteful as keeping up roaring fires in the house all summer.

At this time of year, just before cattle go into winter quarters, a dairyman can replenish his dairy by buying heifer calves, often at great bargains.

Travelers observe that in Holland the cows are always scrupulously clean, winter and summer. If we can not beat the Dutch we ought at least equal them.

Round about Thanksgiving many do not milk more than once a day. Keep on milking twice a day as long as you milk at all. Better milk, better butter, better for the cows.—Farm Journal.

DO IT NOW

Get our prices on lumber, frames, lath, sash, doors, shingles, flooring, moulding

PAROID ROOFING

Or anything else you need in the building line. You can have our forty-two years experience free and buy what what you want at bottom prices. Anticipating an advance in prices of

SOUTHERN LUMBER

And Pacific Coast Red Cedar Shingles, we bought a large stock and will sell at the present low prices while they last. Odd lots of moulding, sash and lumber at specially low prices.

P. B. CRIDER & SON.
Office, Yard and Mill at Lamb st. Bridge, Bellefonte, Pa.

NATION'S EYES ON PENNSYLVANIA

Gibraltar of Republicanism Will Be Loyal Next Tuesday.

VITAL ISSUES AT STAKE

Disaster That Followed Former Democratic Victories In This State Recalled.

Pennsylvania occupies a unique position in the national political situation.

Next Tuesday's election is of more than passing interest. Should by any chance either Grim or Berry be elected governor, it would be hailed as a triumph for the Democracy, as they are both Democrats; Grim of the Guffey school of conservatives, and Berry, a rampant Bryanite.

The Democrats are looking ahead. They are after the national house of congress, and they also expect to make gains in the United States senate.

While they would not ordinarily expect to make inroads into the Republican congressional delegation from this state, with the protective tariff a vital issue in the contest, the Democrats see an opportunity to defeat some Republican congressional candidates through the fact that the Keystone leaders, with Berry at the head of their ticket, have placed the names of a number of Democratic nominees for congress in their column.

Every misguided Republican who votes for Berry on the Keystone ticket may be unwittingly contributing toward the defeat of a Republican candidate for congress.

Senatorship Involved.

It must also be remembered that the Keystone ticket contains the names of a number of Democrats for the legislature and that the general assembly which meets in Harrisburg next January will be called upon to elect a successor to United States Senator Oliver.

There are reports of possible disaster to the Republican gubernatorial candidates in several states generally counted on as reliably Republican, and should Pennsylvania fail to stand true to her Republican colors next week, a great impetus would be given the national Democracy for the coming presidential election.

These facts should not be overlooked:

In 1882 Robert Pattison, Democrat, was elected governor of Pennsylvania.

In 1884 Grover Cleveland was elected president of the United States.

In 1890 Pattison was again chosen governor.

In 1892 Cleveland returned to the White House.

Then followed the Wilson-tariff bill, which closed the mills of Pennsylvania and sent thousands upon thousands of wage workers to the streets begging for daily bread.

There is little difference between Grim and Berry.

Both are hide-bound Democrats; either would use the power of the governor's office to promote the cause of Democracy, no matter if they do belong to different factions of the party.

Grim's ridiculous assaults upon Governor Stuart's administration and Berry's erratic course in politics and finance stamp them both as undesirable for the office of governor.

Democrats on Lookout.

"The Democratic congressional committee is counting upon a Democratic sweep by the aid of Grim or Berry sufficient to overturn the Republican party, to gain a dozen members of congress, to capture the legislature and send a Democrat to the United States senate," says the editor of the Philadelphia Inquirer.

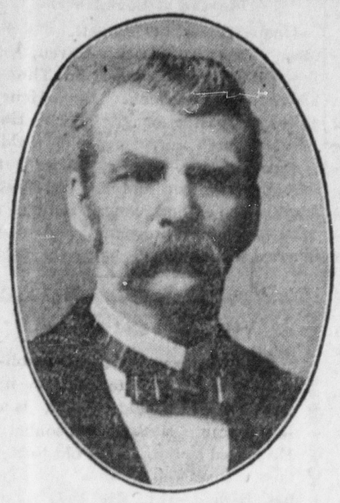
"And let it be confessed right here, that if they could succeed in so doing Pennsylvania might beg in vain for any quarter. Her immense manufacturing and industrial industries would be sacrificed on the altar of Democratic theories and her mills and business houses would meet the same fate that they did when, under the last Democratic administration, the Wilson tariff brought destitution and bankruptcy.

"This is the condition which all Republicans must face.

"But we do not believe that Pennsylvania Republicans can be coaxed under any pretense whatever into the Grim or Berry Democratic organizations in sufficient numbers to affect the general result. It is true that in these closing days a vicious onslaught has been made upon the Republican ticket, and especially upon Tener. But Pennsylvania has become accustomed to vicious onslaughts. Four years ago the most despicable kind of a campaign was made against Edwin S. Stuart, but a very great many of his opponents have lived to bless the day when, in spite of their votes against him, he was elected. The Republican administration has been above reproach.

"We have no doubt whatever of the perfect safety of Pennsylvania institutions under the administration of Governor Tener, and we believe that Pennsylvania Republicans by a large majority think with us."

Republicans of Pennsylvania should go to the polls and vote the full Republican ticket to insure a magnificent Taft-Tener triumph on Tuesday next.



HON. JOSEPH ALEXANDER

Interesting Story of Life of Candidate for State Senator.

The life-story of Joseph Alexander, Republican nominee for State Senator in the Centre-Clearfield district, old soldier and a man ably qualified to represent us at Harrisburg, is one that appeals to all who are interested in the election of first-class men on November 8.

Much can be said of our candidate for Senator as he has never faltered in the discharge of duty, whether serving in the humbler spheres of life or in the more important stations where greater and enlarged responsibilities engrossed his mind. As a member of the House for three terms he was faithful to his constituency and in his advocacy of legislative measures his position always met the approval of those who sent him to Harrisburg.

Joseph Alexander was born on a farm in old Woodward township, near the town of Madera, Clearfield county. In his earlier days he followed lumbering and farming and when the war broke out and the call for volunteer troops was sounded he answered and enlisted in Col. John Irvin's famous Bucktail regiment, in Co. B, 149th P. V. This enlistment was made in August 1862, and served with credit to the close of the war, participating in all the important battles credited to that famous regiment of Bucktails. At Gettysburg, 1863, our candidate was severely wounded and taken prisoner, serving in both battles and prison, the indication of bravery and the proof of loyalty.

He has served in all the local offices in his township, excepting Justice of the Peace, was Census Enumerator in 1880, and later was elected Jury Commissioner, advancing from a local to a county office which further advancement was followed by his election to the House of Representatives for three successive terms, viz, sessions of 1897 and 1899 and re-elected in 1900. In these sessions he rendered excellent service in committee work and his votes were always cast in the interest of the people, it mattered not what critiscism came from those who willed otherwise.

The forests having been depleted by the woodsman's ax and the new industries opened to the mind of men Mr. Alexander devoted himself to the development of the mineral of the two counties, and his labors in this direction were not in vain. While not an operator himself he has developed and paved the way for some of the most successful operations which have given employment to many men who otherwise might have been out of employment during these stringent times. He never abandoned his farm and its environments, and is a member of the grange. As a legislator he will combine experience with integrity and ability and will be a safe man to send to the Senate at this particular time when the public heart is throbbing over the most important questions that will confront the people of Pennsylvania in years to come, the Highway question, the School Code and other questions that come with strong appeal to the people.

Don't think that piles can't be cured. Thousands of obstinate cases have been cured by Doan's Ointment. 50 cents at any drug store.

Farmers, mechanics, railroaders, laborers rely on Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Takes the sting out of cuts, burns or bruises at once. Pain cannot stay where it is used.

FOLLOW
Gov. Stuart's
LEAD
and Vote the Full
REPUBLICAN TICKET.
Election Next Tuesday,
Nov. 8.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Professional Cards.

Harry E. Fenlon,
FIRE INSURANCE.
Temple Court, Bellefonte, Pa.

A. A. Dale,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office East High St., first door above Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

H. C. Quigley,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple Court, South Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Harry Keller,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple Court, South Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Clement Dale,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office East High St., first door above Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

J. Thomas Mitchell,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple Court, South Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Gettig, Bower & Zerby
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Practice in all the courts, and collections promptly attended to. Office, Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

Auditor's Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Joel Struble, late of Walker Township, deceased.

The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Centre County to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the Executors, as shown by the first and final account filed in said Estate, to and among those legally entitled to receive the same, will meet the parties in interset at his office in Temple Court, at Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday, the 1st day of November A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., at which time and place all persons having claims against said estate must present the same duly authenticated for allowance, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Auditor.
10-13-3 t.

Auditor's Notice.

In re estate of E. J. Pruner, late of the borough of Bellefonte, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Centre County, to make distribution of the funds as shown to be in the hands of the Fidelity Trust Company, Executor of Col. E. J. Pruner, deceased, by their second account confirmed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county absolutely on the 7th day of March A. D. 1910. The undersigned has fixed Monday, October 31st, at ten o'clock A. M. at the office of Gettig, Bower & Zerby, in Eagle Block, North Allegheny Street, in the Borough of Bellefonte, Pa., the time and place of hearing, all persons interested in said estate and in the distribution of said account, and all persons are requested to be present and present their respective claims at the time and place mentioned or be forever debarred.

S. D. GETTIG,
10-13-3t. Auditor

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Maria D. Rhoads, late of Bellefonte Borough.

Letters of Administration in the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre County, Pennsylvania, all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to make payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same duly authenicated without delay to

EDWARD K. RHOADS, Executor,
11-3 Bellefonte, Pa.

Mr. Otto Paul, Milwaukee, Wis., says Foley's Honey and Tar is still more than the best. He writes us, "All those that bought it think it is the best for coughs and colds they ever had and I think it is still more than the best. Our baby had a bad cold and it cured him in one day. Please accept thanks." Sold by C. M. Parrish

Central R. R. of Penna. Train Schedule.

Leave,
Bellefonte for Mill Hall. 7:05 A. M., 2:20 and 6:55 P. M.

Leave,
Mill Hall for Bellefonte, 8:33 A. M., 3:56 and 8:35 P M.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after Monday, Jan. 25th, 1909 trains will run as follows from the P. R. R. station.

TRAINS TO STATE COLLEGE.

WESTWARD.	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M
Lv. Bellefonte	‡ 8.30	‡ 10.15	‡ 2.00
Coleville	6.35	10.20	2.07
Morris	f 6.38	.....	f 2.12
Stevens	f 6.43	.....	f 2.17
Hunters Park	f 6.46	.....	f 2.21
Fillmore	f 6.50	f 10.34	f 2.26
Briarly	f 6.55	.....	f 2.32
Waddles	7.00	10.45	2.35
Krumrine	f 7.12	.....	f 2.50
State College	7.25	11.10	3.20
Struble	f 7.27	.....	.....
Bloomsdorf	f 7.31	.....	.....
Pine Grove Mills	7.35	.....	3.40

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. "f" Stop flag.

TRAINS FROM STATE COLLEGE.

EASTWARD	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	
Pine Grove Mills	7.35	.....	3.20
Bloomsdorf	f 7.40	.....	.....
Struble	f 7.45	.....	f 3.30
State College	8.00	11.50	5.00
Krumrine	f 8.07	.....	f 5.07
Waddles	8.20	12.10	f 5.25
Briarly	f 8.24	.....	f 5.30
Fillmore	f 8.28	12.18	f 5.35
Hunters Park	f 8.31	.....	f 5.40
Stevens	f 8.35	.....	f 5.43
Morris	f 8.37	.....	f 5.46
Coleville	8.40	12.30	5.57
Ar. Bellefonte	8.50	12.50	6.0

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with trains No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte to points east and west.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.
A SAFE, CERTAIN RELIEF for SUPPRESSED MENSTRUATION.
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free. If your druggist does not have them send your orders to the
UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.
Sold in Bellefonte by C. M. Parish

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
for backache, rheumatism, kidney or bladder trouble, and urinary irregularities.
Foley's Kidney Pills purify the blood, restore lost vitality and vigor. Refuse substitutes.
For sale at C M Parrish Drug Store

THE REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte, Pa., November 3, 1910.

CHARLES E. DORWORTH, - Ed., & Pub.

Subscription rate, $1 a year, strictly in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Republican and the New York Tribune Farmer, $1.50 a year in Advance.

—— Advertising Rates. ——

One Column, 1 year.....$100
One Half Column, 1 year..... 60
One Quarter Column, 1 year..... 35
Legal Notices (if no special contract exists) 10 cents per line, each insertion, nonpareil measure.

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
John K. Tener, of Washington.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
John M. Reynolds, of Bedford.
STATE TREASURER,
Charles Fred. Wright, of Susquehanna.
SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
Henry Houck, of Lebanon.
FOR CONGRESS.
Charles E. Patton,
of Clearfield County.
FOR STATE SENATOR.
Joseph Alexander,
of Clearfield County.
FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.
J. C. Meyer,
of Bellefonte.

Make No Mistake.

For the last six or seven weeks the air has been full of campaign charges, oratory, argument and other brands of wind. On Tuesday, next, the voters have their voice in the matter. The character assassins and mud throwers have been so selfishly busy ever since the opening of the campaign that the voters haven't had a chance to be heard. Fortunately for them and the State-at-large, they will have their chance at the polls on Tuesday.

Now that we have witnessed such a brainstorm of "charges" hurled at John K. Tener, it is well that voters before going to the polls decide for themselves just what are the facts.

Despite the most desperate efforts of his defamers, who have been hounding him the last six months, they have been unable to show that a single dishonest dollar ever went into the pocket of Mr. Tener.

From the day of his nomination the enemies of the Republican party have been tearing open dark closets and digging into graves, hoping thereby to find something—anything rather than nothing—which might help them prevent a Republican victory at the polls. And they have found nothing.

Now that the mud batteries have finished, Mr. Tener emerges from the campaign just as he entered it—a big, dignified, stanch Republican and an honest, manly man. The campaign of vilification and persecution has failed to harm a hair on his head. The only thing it has done has been to cast shame upon the men who secretly conspired to accomplish his ruin.

As a parting word to the Republicans of Centre County on the eve of election day, we want to cite an instance which is well worth your best thought and careful consideration. There was, a few years ago, a man, a Republican, in Dauphin County, who became a candidate for judge in that County. He was most viciously attacked and slandered by the very same agencies which have tried to ruin Mr. Tener. Nevertheless, the man was elected. His enemies no longer attack him. The man was George Kunkel, who as judge presided over all the cases which resulted in convictions in the Capitol graft scandals. His record on the bench pillories his defamers who have ever since tried to forget that they sought to accomplish his ruin.

The same crew of party wreckers attempted to ruin Edwin S. Stuart, but he triumphed at the polls and his record as Governor gives the lie to every charge made against him as a candidate.

It is the same, identical outfit that has been trying to defeat Mr. Tener—not that they have any interest in Mr. Tener, one way or the other. Their sole aim is to wreck the Republican party and then seize control of it. Are you, Mr. Republican, going to allow yourself to be used to help wreck your party? Loyal soldiers in the days of the war fought hardest when their flag was under fire. Loyal Republicans will fight all the harder, on Tuesday, next, to protect their flag now that it is under fire.

"Press" Predicts Tener.

The Philadelphia "Press" has made a canvass of the State and in its issue of Sunday, last, predicted the election of Tener for Governor by 125,760 plurality. The Rupublican State leaders believe that this estimate is extremely conservative, predicting that Mr. Tener's plurality will run far above the 135,000 mark.

BIG LIVERY SALE

Christ Beezer to Sell Stock and Equipment on Wednesday, Nov. 23.

Christ Beezer will hold public sale, at the Brockerhoff barn, in Bellefonte, on Wednesday November 23, at which time he will dispose of his stock and complete equipment of his big livery stable. The sale will be one of the largest held in this section in many years. L. F. Mayes will be auctioneer. The sale will begin at 10.30 o'clock, sharp.

Mr. Beezer will sell everything in his stable except one team and his hack. It is his intention to continue his hack service at trains until next spring, when he will move onto the John Wagner farm, below Milesburg, which he recently purchased.

At the big sale on November 23, Mr. Beezer will offer nine horses and a lot of fine carriages, wagons, sleds, sleighs and harness. The description of the horses to be sold follows: 1 sorrel horse 7 years old, weighs 1100; will work anywhere, a good family horse. 1 bay horse, 9 years old, weighs about 1000; is a fine, stylish horse. 1 brown mare, 10 years old, weighs 1000; is a fine livery mare. 1 bay mare, 4 years old, trotting bred and is with foal; can trot in better than three minutes. 1 brown mare, 5 years old, weighs 950; a good, all-around mare. 1 bay mare, 5 years old, weighs about 1050; good family mare. 1 gray mare, 7 years old, weighs about 1000; a good horse, can do farm work. 1 gray combination mare, weighs about 980; a very fine saddle mare and a good driver, single or double. 1 2-years-old colt, is trotting bred and can show a good gait—his sire is Rosemore.

The equipment Mr. Beezer will sell includes 9 sets single harness, 3 sets double harness, 7 buggies, 1 delivery wagon, 1 two-seated carriage, 1 three-seated top wagon, 1 rubber tire cab, 1 two-seated sleigh, 1 delivery bob-sled, several sleighs, 11 kinds of blankets and robes, lot of good halters, flynets, etc., in fact, everything that goes with a large, modern livery.

Patton for Congress!

In Pennsylvania we are having the same old fight all over again. At the foundation of the fight is the protective tariff. Free traders who want control of Congress cannot secure control without help from Pennsylvania. To defeat Charles E. Patton, Republican nominee for Congress in the Twenty-first district, would be to give one more vote toward a Democratic Congress. A Democratic Congress means a lower tariff. A lower tariff means business stagnation, lower wages and half-time or closed factories. If you want the soup house, then vote against Mr. Patton. If you want prosperity, then vote for Mr. Patton. Vote for Republican principles! Vote for American mills and factories and American wages! Vote the straight Republican ticket!

"The Arrival of Kitty."

Good American comedies are rare but one has been discovered in "The Arrival of Kitty" which Doherty-Collins & Co. will present at Garman's Opera House, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 9. The adjective "good" is used most advisedly in this instance for the play has won the enthusiastic endorsement of theatre-goers generally and it holds the record of being the one play that local newsmanagers beg for an immediate return date in order to give their patrons another opportunity of seeing the play. It has been pronounced by some of the most noted critics in the country as the best comedy the American stage has yet witnessed. The company is all that could be desired and is composed of a number of well known favorites, chief among whom is Mr. Hal Johnson, who will be seen in the role of "Billy Brown."

Marriage Licenses.

Register Earle C. Tuten has issued the following marriage licenses in the last week:

John Menziff, Susie Mase k,	Sugar Camp
Harvey E. Lambert, Nellie V. Shutt,	Milesburg "
Aaron J. Long. Maude L. Murray,	Wingate "
Justus O. Leathers, Cora A. Deitz.	Mt. Eagle "
Albert H. Rown, Alice A. Watson,	Snow Shoe "
Charles R. Kurtz, Lois V. Calderwood,	Bellefonte "
Garfield A. Hicks, Elsie E. Peters,	Stormstown "

Mt. Eagle Couple Wed.

A pretty although entirely informal wedding was that at Lock Haven, on Wednesday of last week, when Miss Cora A. Deitz became the bride of Justus O. Leathers. The ceremony was performed at the Baptist parsonage by Rev. Henry J. Johnson. The happy young couple are from Mt. Eagle.

Has Fine Millinery Display.

Mrs. Mary J. Eagan, at Blanchard, has a full display of fine millinery on hand and solicits the patronage of the public in general.

Married at Lock Haven.

Homer Fetzer, of Yarnell, and Miss Rose Toner, of Lock Haven, were married at the latter place on Thursday afternoon of last week. Rev. Henry J. Johnson, pastor of the Lock Haven Baptist church, performed the wedding ceremony. Mr. Fetzer is well and favorably known and has a host of friends who extend congratulations and best wishes to a prosperous and happily married life.

Vote for the Old Soldier!

Joseph Alexander, the Republican nominee for State Senator in the Centre-Clearfield district, is a Republican. He is an old soldier. He served in the famous old Bucktails. He is a man whose ability has been tested. He will ably represent the people of Centre County at Harrisburg. He wants your support. When he goes to Harrisburg he will be there, ready and willing to serve you. Now is the time to serve him and the Republican party. His Democratic opponent may be all right, but we don't know. We know and you know that Joseph Alexander is all right. Vote for him! Vote the straight Republican ticket!

Primary School Opened.

On Monday the new Third Grade primary school was opened, with Miss May Woods as teacher. The additional grade room has been fitted up in the new High School building. The equipment in the room is new. Individual desks have been installed for the forty or more children in the room.

Snow Shoe Couple Married.

Albert H. Rown, Jr., and Miss Alice A. Watson, both of Snow Shoe, were married at the home of the groom on Friday, last. The groom is a son of Albert H. Rown, the well known and popular engineer on the Snow Shoe Railroad. The wedding ceremony was performed by Rev. E. A. Meredith.

Strike Oil at Patton?

According to the DuBois "Courier", there is more or less excitement at Patton over the reported discovery of a rich find of oil and gas. A private company has been formed and options on lands secured pending results after further experimenting. It is proposed sinking four additional wells.

Mrs. W. A. Lyon Ill

Mrs. William A. Lyon is critically ill, her condition being such as to alarm her friends. Yesterday she was seized with an attack of acute indigestion, followed by several additional attacks. Her condition last night was such that two physicians were in attendance.

Died at Buffalo.

Jacob Swartz, a former resident of Lock Haven, died on Sunday, last, at Buffalo N. Y. His body was brought to Eagleville, where interment was made on Tuesday. His wife died about one month ago. Six children survive.

Married at Philipsburg.

Fred R. Tate and Miss Blanch Young, both of Philipsburg, were married at Tyrone on Monday evening, last. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. J. B. Stein, formerly, of this place.

Mrs. John Condo Dead.

Mrs. John Condo died at her late home, at Philipsburg, on Wednesday of last week. Deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Weber, of that place.

Woman's Club Meeting.

A meeting of the Woman's Club will be held tomorrow (Friday) afternoon, at 3.30 o'clock, in the Petrikin Hall. All members are urged to attend.

Merv. Betz, of Jacksonville, was greeting friends in town last week. Merv. was one of the Nittany Valley Republicans to aid in making the recent reception to John K. Tener a success.

Vote the straight Republican ticket.

"One" as a Pronoun.

I have never been smitten with the use of the word "one" as a pronoun It takes a word juggler to attempt it and get away with it. Unless one feels that one has won one's spurs in this respect and can extricate oneself from the mess one gets oneself and one's readers into one should avoid the use of the word one in referring to oneself as one would a plague.—London Idler

Swift.

Teacher—Children, nature is superior to man in everything. For instance, there is nothing that travels so fast as the unseen wind. Willie—Huh! You ought to hear what my pa says about a sight draft!—Puck.

His Part.

"Who is the responsible person in this firm?" asked the brusque caller of the office boy.

"Can't tell you, sir," replied the pert lad, "but I'm the one who gets all the blame."

Curiosity is looking over other people's affairs and overlooking our own.—Wayland.

CORPORATIONS MUST FOOT BILLS

Congressman Tener's Manly Stand Upon Popular Issues.

AS FRIEND OF THE FARMER

Republican Standard Bearer's Progressive Move For Tax Equalization to Insure Better Public Schools, Good Roads, Cheaper Transportation and Relieve Local Burdens.

No pledges that Congressman Tener has made in his canvass for the governorship seem to have appealed more to the voters of the state than his declarations upon the questions of good roads, the public schools, equalization of taxes and cheaper transportation.

The farmers, particularly, have indicated their approval of his attitude on these subjects. Mr. Tener is committed to a reorganization of the department of the state government having to do with the construction and maintenance of public roads. He has declared that his ambition is to have Pennsylvania at the earliest possible date earn the reputation of having the finest roads of any state in the Union. He is especially eager for an immediate improvement of highways to facilitate travel within the counties and to enable the farmers to handily market their products.

Not only would Congressman Tener have the state build all of these roads, but he contends that the state should also maintain them without cost to the counties or townships. He also is pledged to labor to the end that all local school taxes shall be abolished, with the state, from revenues derived from the corporations, meeting every expense of the public schools.

In several of his speeches Mr. Tener has taken up the school question and advocated a strengthening of the public school system in every direction, the construction of more and better schools in every community, with the money necessary to carry out this policy coming entirely from the state treasury.

Corporations Cannot Escape.

To meet the demand for good roads and more and finer schools, along with his other progressive ideas, Congressman Tener demands that there shall be established a more equitable system of taxation and that corporate property which now escapes taxation shall be made to pay a proper share of the public expense.

"In the event of my election," said Mr. Tener a few days ago, "I will urge that certain corporation properties be taxed for benefits which they enjoy, and that the revenue raised be distributed to the several communities to further lighten the burden of local taxpayers.

"A progressive community endeavoring to make improvements commensurate with its progress levies its own tax, but in order that that tax may be still further lightened, I would urge such legislation as would fix a tax on certain properties not now taxed, and that revenue go to the relief and the benefit of local communities."

While certain corporate interests have not relished Mr. Tener's declarations upon this subject, the great body of the voters have given him credit for having the courage of his convictions and appreciate his manly stand.

For Cheaper Transportation.

The demand for cheaper transportation is met by Congressman Tener in his advocacy of inland waterways, and in this matter, too, he has demonstrated his independence of the railroad and other interests that have been antagonizing the several projects for the construction of canals and the development of rivers and harbors.

"I believe it is possible," says Mr. Tener, "to make many improvements in the east, west and central portions of our state. I believe on our eastern coast we should encourage and endeavor to obtain as soon as possible for the great port of Philadelphia sufficient water to float the very deepest draft ships in the world, so that we might at the earliest moment ship our exports from Philadelphia and receive our imports there at every tide and at every season of the year, and thus avail ourselves of the very cheapest method of transportation.

"I would advocate and strongly urge that encouragement be given to the building of a canal in the west, connecting the lakes with the great Ohio river, and thus maintain for Pittsburg what it has always possessed, the reputation of being a great industrial steel and iron manufacturing center of the world."

It can safely be predicted that among the most positive and sweeping recommendations that will be made in Governor-to-be Tener's inaugural address will be those upon the subjects of good roads, the public schools, equalization of taxes and the development of the cheapest methods of transportation.

FOLLOW STUART'S LEAD.

Follow the lead of Governor Edwin Sydney Stuart and vote for John Kinley Tener for governor and the full Republican ticket at the election on Tuesday next, Nov. 8.

Penny-A-Word Column.

Wanted—Four more girls in Bellefonte Shirt Factory, Inquire of S. D. Ray.

CIDER APPLES—Will pay 12 cents per bushel cash for cider apples delivered to Bierly's press, at Milesburg, Pa. 10-13-3t-C.

FOR RENT Dwelling house on Curtin Street. In splendid repair. Immediate possession. Inquire of Russel R. Blair, Bellefonte, Pa.

FOUND—By Charles Gehret in front of Lyon & Co.'s store, a ring containing two keys; one a flat key. Owner may secure same on application to Mr. Gehret and payment for this notice

LOST—Between Spring Mills and Pine Grove Mills, a three-quarter light weight gray overcoat. Finder will kindly return to R. E. Hettinger, Spring Mills, Pa.

For Sale 1 good dwelling house; horse, buggy and harness, 1 colt, four months old; 1 pair computing scales; 1 self measuring oil tank, capacity 120 gals.; 1 good room stove, base heater. Toner A. Hugg, Milesburg, Pa.

GIRL WANTED—Young girl wanted for general housework and live at home at night. Inquire Dr. E. S. Dorworth, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Wanted—Young men to learn automobile business by mail and prepare for positions as chaffeurs and repair men. We make you expert in ten weeks; assist you to secure position. Pay big; work pleasant, demand for men great; reasonable; write for particulars and sample lesson. Empire Automobile Institute, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Lot in Bush Addition, Bellefonte, Pa.; 50x100 feet; 2-story house, 16½x28 feet, and other out buildings thereon; stabling for 2 cows and 2 horses; wagon shed under same roof. D. C. Walter, of Bellefonte or Milesburg, Pa. 10-27-4t-x

Lot For Sale—A desirable lot at Coleville is offered for sale, 150x50 feet; located along tracks of Bellefonte Central Railroad; desirable site for home. For terms apply to Robert Cole, Bellefonte, Pa.

Lost—Lost, a toy Fox Terrier, answers to name of "Caesar." Was lost Thursday of last week. Will gladly reward finder. Miss Cora Leathers, Mt. Eagle, Pa.

Feel languid, weak, run-down? Headache? Stomach "off"?—Just a plain case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bitters tones liver and stomach, promotes digestion, purifies the blood.

LOST—A watch chain and fob; on one side of fob is lady's picture, and on other side, picture of two children. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Mrs. Thomas Murphy.

WANTED—Agents. Marvelous invention. Scientific discovery. Lamps and lanterns turn coal oil illumination into gas light, large, beautiful, steady white, flame, excellent brilliancy. No smoke, smell, dirt. Nothing like it. Something new. Write us NOW. STEEL MANTEL LIGHT CO., Dept. D. Toledo, Ohio.

Help Wanted Male—Local Manager wanted by large New York Real Estate concern; excellent opportunity for good man to secure large income. Write, President, Room 807, 309 Broadway, New York.

HARVEST HOME SERVICE

Milesburg Baptists to Make Annual Donation to Angora Orphanage.

Members of the Milesburg Baptist church are this week assembling their annual donation of farm produce to be sent to the Baptist Orphanage, at Angora, near Philadelphia. On Sunday, next, the annual "Harvest Home" service will be held in the church, at Milesburg. Persons wishing to contribute articles to the consignment to be shipped to Angora are requested to bring or send them to Milesburg before Sunday. The church will, as usual, be beautifully decorated with the several contributions of farm produce which will later be sent to the Orphanage.

The custom of members of the Baptist church in sending a part of what they raise to the Orphanage each year is a beautiful one. The "Harvest Home" service, signalizing that the crops have been harvested and that the yield is to be shared with little orphan children, is always most interesting. It is expected that the contributions which will be on view in the church on Sunday will be the most liberal ever made by the members of the Milesburg church.

His Potatoes Stolen.

One day last week, E. A. Peters of Fillmore, took a wagon load of potatoes to Tyrone, planning to dispose of them among the residents of that place. He put up at a hotel for the night, leaving his wagon of potatoes and team in the hotel stable. When he went to the barn on the following morning it was to discover that seven bags of potatoes were missing. It is supposed that the theft was committed by one of a crowd of loafers about the stable. Each bag contained one bushel and a half, so that Mr. Peters is out ten and a half bushels of fine potatoes.

Stormstown Couple Wed.

Garfield A. Hicks, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hicks, of Stormstown, and Miss Elsie E. Peters, also of Stormstown, were married at Milesburg, by Rev. R. S. Oyler, on Monday, last. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Orvis Peters and is popular with her circle of friends.

Boy Wanted.

A boy 18 or 19 years wanted to drive grocery wagon. Inquire of E. I. Gillen, Bellefonte, Pa.

Bellefonte Markets.

Corrected by the John Meese store.

Eggs, per dozen	.32
Butter, per pound	.30
Lard, per pound	.16
Tallow, per pound	.05
Potatoes, per bushel	.40
Onions, yellow, per bushel	.60

Bellefonte Grain Market.

Corrected by Gamble, Gheen & Co.

Wheat, white or mixed	.87
Wheat, red	.92
Corn, shelled (per bu.)	.50
Corn, ears, (per bu.)	.50
Oats, (per bu.)	.35
Rye, (per bu.)	.65
Barley, (per bu.)	.60
Buckwheat, (per bu.)	.50

Executor's Notice.

In the estate of Emil Joseph late of Bellefonte Borough, Centre county, deceased.

Letters testamentary in the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay.

SIEGMUND JOSEPH, Executor.
N. B. Spangler, Bellefonte, Pa.
Attorney. 11-3

STATE OF OHIO, OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY. }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The County at a Glance.

Howard.

On Saturday evening next, beginning at five o'clock, the parsonage committee of the Methodist church will hold a chicken and waffle supper in Kline's vacant store room at the corner. Ice cream and cake will also be served and the invitation is general.

J. Will Mayes was in Johnsonburg last week, placing four large monuments in the cemetery at that place.

Eilis Ertel returned home from Pittsburgh last week, having been ill with symptoms of typhoid fever.

John Weber and son Walter, Carl McGinley and Cameron Holter were visitors in Bellefonte on Saturday.

George Long, a graduate of the Central State Normal school at Lock Haven, attended the Hallowe'en party given there Saturday evening.

Chester Moore witnessed the football game at Bellefonte Saturday afternoon.

Elder Delmont and Z. S. Welch attended the funeral of Mr. Nyman at Curtin on Saturday.

Mrs. Fannie Leathers and son Clair were shoppers at the county seat on Saturday.

Mrs. Mary DeHaas called on Mt. Eagle friends on Saturday.

Raphael Rairden has gone to Pittsburgh where he will seek employment.

William Lucas left on Sunday for Bellwood, where he has secured a position.

Liveryman John Robb lost another of his horses on Friday, last.

Clarence Lucas, editor and proprietor of the "Snow Shoe Times," spent Saturday and Sunday here with his brother.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Walizer on Saturday morning last.

Robert Neff, of Tyrone, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Sigmund, of Salona, were Sunday guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Confer.

Joseph Diehl, an evangelist of Northumberland, who is a plasterer by trade and is at present employed on the Leathers' houses, occupied the pulpit at the Evangelical church Sunday morning and preached a most practical sermon to a large and appreciative audience. Evangelist Diehl is one of the men who takes times to attend to his Master's business and finds time to attend to his own.

The evangelistic meetings in the Christian chapel continue with unabated interest and thus far five persons have professed Christian faith.

Mr. Giles, of Tyrone, was in town last week.

Charles Pletcher returned on Saturday from a trip to Indiana.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schenck, of Philadelphia, are visiting their many friends and relatives in town and vicinity.

Frank Wetzler and family, of Milesburg, autoed to Howard o 1 Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Candy, of Tyrone, visited her sister, Mrs. Shuman Holter, this week.

Edward B. Robb, who for several years past has conducted the store at Romola, where his father formerly kept, had sale on Saturday last and will go to Avis, where he will reopen and conduct a general store.

John Wantz, of Elk county, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Henry Antis.

Dr. O. W. McEntire, Balser Weber, William McDowell and Miss Helen Tipton left on Wednesday for Philadelphia.

Rev. H. I. Crow, of Hublersburg, was a visitor in town on Tuesday.

Rev. John Knarr was a Milesburg visitor this week.

Mrs. W. L. Cooke was a caller in Bellefonte on Monday.

Our enterprising miller and electric light man W. H. Long fell last week and injured his leg so that he was laid up for several days.

Christ Wagner, who is employed at Beech Creek, was home over Sunday.

Philip Holter arrived home on Tuesday from Columbus, Ohio, where he has been employed for some time.

Dr. W. J. Kurtz left Tuesday morning for Pittsburg.

W. R. Gardner and R. P. Confer are two of our substantial citizens who had business at the county seat on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Marius Miner were callers in Lock Haven on Monday.

John N. Yearick, of Greensburg, was a visitor here this week.

A Hallowe'en masquerade party was held by the "Q. E. C." at the home of Miss Mary Weirick Monday evening. About thirty young persons were present and all wore some costume appropriate to the occasion. The supper table was decorated with pumpkins and "sich like" and the refreshments were also served in pieces of the big pie fruit. A jolly bunch of young ladies like those in the "Q. E. C." means a good time, which they had.

Blanchard.

Professor Shuman Williams and family visited over Sunday at Pleasant Gap, their former home.

Mrs. Casper Sents, of Williamsport, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Leathers, at Mt. Eagle, last week.

Mrs. Marian Swartz, of Beech Creek, attended the funeral of Jacob Swartz, at Eagleville, on Tuesday.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist church will serve the Odd Fellows' supper, at the I. O. O. F. hall, on Saturday, next.

J. E. Foresman, of Howard, was a Blanchard visitor over Sunday.

Mrs. John Fearon, of Lock Haven, visited the Blanchard schools on Monday.

Mrs. Jacob DeLong and Alvey Winslow are beautifying their homes by the erection of fine front porches.

Lena Bechdel visited May Harter on Monday evening.

Pine Grove Mills.

Next Tuesday is election day and we all are ready.

J. W. Sunday is visiting friends in Mifflin County.

J. Calvin Trostle transacted business in town on Friday.

Blanche and Minnie Neidigh came down from Altoona for a few days' stay at home.

Mr. and Mrs. William Glenn and daughter, Margaret, were Fairbrook visitors on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Rossman were Sunday visitors at the Samuel Breon home, at Buffalo Run. Mr. Breon has had hard luck recently, three horses dying on his hands.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Goss visited friends at Spring Creek in the beginning of the week.

James Hoover is quitting farming in the spring and flitting to West Virginia, mainly for the benefit of his wife's health.

Samuel A. Homan is home, in quest of small game, and in the next month will wield the birch in the Pine Hall school.

Mrs. Harry Kennedy, with her little folks, has been visiting friends at Sandy Ridge the past week.

Miss Myrtle Harper visited relatives at Milesburg during the early part of the week.

Mrs. Mary Wright and daughter, Maggie, are visiting the Ralph Stover family, at Tyrone, this week.

Miss Myra Kimport and friend, Miss Ella Henderson, of State College, enjoyed a drive down Penns Valley on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Mallory, of Altoona, have taken quarters at the Kimport home, at the base of old Tussey mountain, in quest of game and nuts.

That famous old bird, the stork, visited the G. B. McFry home recently and left a chubby ten pounder. Its a boy to whom Master Brook can show his playthings.

The new Geizer thresher came last week and Mr. Weaver is making it hum.

Mrs. Linnie Brown, with her three children, came down from Altoona for a visit with Grandpa Miller, just west of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Smith, with little Eliza, are over from Huntingdon for a week's stay at Grandpa Port's, on Main Street.

Mrs. Harry Shugerts and those interesting little folks are down from Altoona for a week's stay and also to help stir applebutter among old neighbors on the Branch. Adam Felty is showing them around.

J. G. Heberling and Fred Randolph are among the sick this week.

After a three weeks' stay at Mt. Clemens, Mich., F. W. Archey returned last Saturday evening, much improved in health. This will be good news to his legion of friends.

The Hallowe'eners were busy; most every youth, as well as some older ones, Jock-o'lanterns and cabbage heads were plenty but owing to the scarcity of pumpkins corn was used. The usual number of sidewalks and outhouses were removed, as well as gates being carried away and roads blockaded.

Rev. D. Y. Broom came down from Warriors-Mark ahead of time for the Lion's share of sauer kraut.

The marksmen report bunnies as rather scarce.

Unionville.

The Free Methodist quarterly meeting was held on last Sabbath and was well attended. Rev. Dr. Hill, presiding elder for this district, preached in the morning. Rev. Samuel Stimer, formerly of this place, preached in the afternoon, and in the evening the sermon was delivered by Rev. Mr. Adams, of Philipsburg.

W. H. Earon unloaded a car of hard coal on Saturday.

The Unionville Kennel Club, composed of James B. Stere, J. H. Fisher, W. H. Buck and Toner Warner, departed on Monday for the head of Bush's Hollow, their headquarters during rabbit season. The boys have the best of dogs and all are expert shots, so you can bet they will get their share of the rabbits.

Dr. W. U. Irwin is building a large addition to his barn. When it is completed he will have ample room for his buggies, sleighs and automobile.

The stork, in its flight, stopped on Sunday night at the homes of Floyd Sanderson and Jacob Mitchell, respectively, leaving a fine baby boy at each home. At this writing all are getting along nicely.

William Kreps, of Altoona, is visiting his father-in-law, Harry Giest.

John P. Bruggar, of Johnstown, is home for a few days, visiting his mother. John has purchased a new horse and sulkey, and it is nothing unusual to see him going along at a 2.40 clip.

The festival held by the ladies of the Epworth League, in Grange hall, on Saturday evening, was well patronized. The proceeds were something over $16.

William Wright, Jr., of Conemaugh, has the honor of killing the largest wild turkey to date, it weighing 19 pounds.

Dr. W. U. Irwin reports the sick all convalescing. Edward Iddings is again able to sit up.

Howard Musser, of Bellwood, came home for a few days, hunting.

Roy Calhoun, who removed from the farm to Miss Henshie's home about two weeks ago, rued his bargain and on Friday, last, returned to the old homestead.

George Bruggar this week shipped a car load of apples.

Our good friend, John Shadle, has moved his family to Altoona. Mr. Shadle has been burning lime here for three years but owing to a lack of patronage he was compelled to abandon the work. Our farmers never had a better chance to fertilize, handy to haul a first-class lime, and they will miss Mr. Shadle.

Mt. Eagle.

On Monday and Tuesday J. F. Deitz loaded a car with 640 bushels of apples for shipment to Smith & Company, at Ridgway.

George Leathers on Friday loaded a car with potatoes from his farm across the creek. He shipped them to Lewistown.

Mr. and Mrs. Justus Leathers, who were married in Lock Haven on Wednesday, returned home on Friday. Mrs. Leathers was formerly Miss Cora A. Deitz, one of our most popular young ladies We were so sorry that their wedding occured so late last week that we were unable to do justice to them and the editor of "The Republican." The ceremony was witnessed by only immediate friends of the happy young couple, including your scribe and his better half.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bower and children, from Altoona, are visiting Mt. Eagle friends. Mr. Bower is incidentally looking after the farm in which he has an interest.

Mrs. Tacy Bathurst, of Coatesville, came home on Friday evening to see her mother, Mrs. Etta Leathers.

Mrs. Robert Jacobs, of Morrisdale, and her sister, from Milesburg, spent Sunday at the home of their nephew, Austin Reeder in Mt. Eagle.

Misses Myrtle Robertson and Effie Bitner were Bellefonte shoppers on Saturday.

Mrs. Jacob DeHaas and son, Charles, of Howard, spent Sunday at the Mrs. Etta Leathers home.

John Bathurst was an arrival in town on Saturday evening.

Henry Gettig, of Nittany Valley, was a Sunday visitor with Mt. Eagle friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Daughenbaugh and daughter, Miss Julia, spent Sunday in Howard.

Scotia.

John Lykens and two daughters spent several days in Altoona last week, sight seeing and doing a little shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Emerick were called to Snydertown on Monday by the death of the latter's mother, Grandmother Krider.

Mrs. John Holt left on Monday for Kylertown, Clearfield county, to visit her aged mother, whom she has not seen for several years and at present is very feeble.

George Lykens, the popular foreman at the washer, recently purchased a home on Curtin Street in Bellefonte and about the 15th of this month will move. We are all sorry to see him go but what is our loss is Bellefonte's gain.

Col. Chambers and his assistant Zerby, autoed up from Bellefonte on Monday and spent several hours going over the ground and looking after the welfare of Bert Delige.

Several car loads of apples have been shipped from here during the last week, some going as far west as Illinois.

We don't like to brag about our tall girls and boys, but in this case we can't help it. On Monday night a party of twelve, headed by Wm. Burnside, drove over to Stormstown to a social. To get behind the scenes you had to pay three cents for every foot you were tall. According to their measurements they were 120 feet, for they paid $3.60. Some people are dead easy.

Vote the straight Republican ticket.

The House Was Shaky.

When John Quincy Adams was eighty years of age he met in the streets of Boston an old friend, who shook his trembling hand and said, "Good morning, and how is John Quincy Adams today?"

"Thank you," was the ex-president's answer. "John Quincy Adams himself is well, sir; quite well, I thank you. But the house in which he lives at present is becoming dilapidated. It is tottering upon its foundation. Time and the seasons have nearly destroyed it. Its roof is pretty well worn out. Its walls are much shattered, and it trembles with every wind. The old tenement is becoming almost uninhabitable, and I think John Quincy Adams will have to move out of it soon. But he himself is quite well, sir; quite well."

With that the venerable sixth president of the United States moved on with the aid of his staff.

Had All His Nerve With Him.

In a downtown stand up lunch place, where the chief source of the waiters' revenue is in the form of tips and where the patrons are supposed to step lively so that those who wait may be accommodated, a man has been coming of late who brings a newspaper with him and reads it leisurely, sometimes for half an hour, while he takes his modest luncheon. The waiter at whose station he planted himself one day recently was prepared for the emergency, and when the man had finished reading his paper the servant handed him two others with the remark: "Maybe you'd like to see these?" The other waiters, knowing of the plot, looked to see the man wilt, but were disappointed. He took the papers with thanks, continued reading, and finally, when he asked for his check, asked also whether he might keep the papers.—New York Tribune.

One of Falb's Predictions.

In 1874 Professor Rudolf Falb predicted an eruption of Etna on Aug. 27. He offered a Vienna editor to write an account of it if the editor would send him to Sicily. Falb was commissioned. When he reached Etna there was not the slightest sign of disturbance. As the 27th approached Falb was tortured with anxiety and spent sleepless nights watching the volcano. Nothing happened on the 27th and 28th. The following morning the servant rushed into the professor's room shouting, "An eruption, a terrible eruption!" Falb saw the spectacle and sent off his dispatch.

GRIM AND BERRY DEMOCRATIC ROW

Charges and Counter Charges in a Bitter Fight.

QUESTIONS OF VERACITY

Alleged Allentown Pledge, That Guffey Note and Other Issues Are Involved.

The row between the Grim Democrats and the Berry Democrats over the money that Berry got from Guffey, and over the charges bearing upon Berry's other actions while filling the role of state treasurer, grows more bitter as election day draws near.

Senator Dewalt, chairman of the Democratic state committee, which is running the Grim guberantorial campaign, was a member of the legislative commission which investigated the state capitol frauds and upon whose recommendations the various arrests were made, convictions had and the suits for the recovery of stolen money were brought.

The following is a copy of a dispatch from Allentown, printed in the Democratic Philadelphia Record:

"Senator Arthur G. Dewalt, Democratic state chairman, returned home after a strenuous week's work conferring and campaigning, which culminated last night in his speech at Reading in his pitching William H. Berry, Keystone candidate for governor, into the Ananias club. Last night's speech by Dewalt was simply the initiation. He says he did not start to reveal Berry prior to this, since he was minus the affidavits showing the alleged hypocrisy. He has more of them, and during the remainder of the campaign intends to give Berry the third degree.

"Mr. Dewalt is enthusiastic over the outlook for Grim, and says he believes the Democratic candidate will be elected governor of Pennsylvania.

"Concerning the Berry loan from Colonel Guffey, State Chairman Dewalt this afternoon made the following statement:

Got Guffey's Cash.

"The loan by Colonel Guffey to Mr. Berry was made about July 30, 1907. Mr. Berry gave his promissory note for $15,000 and at the same time gave as collateral 2700 shares of Berry Engineering company stock. When Colonel Guffey was pressed for funds he had the note discounted and of necessity turned over the collateral to the bank. The bank thus became owner of the note and of the collateral and when payment was demanded from the maker it was obliged by law to sell the collateral at the post in the open market. That sale disclosed the fact that the collateral was worth only $700 and Colonel Guffey lost $14,500 and the discounts he had paid on the note.

"Mr. Berry has alleged that he used this money in part for expenses attending the capitol graft investigation. He never presented any bill to the commission, nor did he ever produce any receipts showing any expenditures by himself. Any legitimate expenses incurred by him would cheerfully have been paid by the commission, as it had a surplus and turned over to the state a balance of more than $10,000.

"Mr. Berry also claims that part of the money was paid to detectives or officers to insure his personal safety, presumably to prevent his assassination. In Mr. Berry's employ at that time was Mr. McCann, who, I think, was ex-chief of police of Chester, who I am sure was big enough to protect even a state treasurer.

Where It Went.

"I understand from the public press that Mr. Berry now admits that the $15,000 he borrowed from Colonel Guffey was used in his own business, to wit, the Berry Engineering company."

The Berry-Guffey loan came up in court last Saturday in Pittsburg, revealing the fact that Berry had not up to that time liquidated his indebtedness. A news dispatch from Pittsburg sent out last Saturday recited the hearing of the case in which on behalf of Berry it was argued that he did not owe the bank, but that the debt was due Guffey from whom the money was obtained.

Berry is not only busy explaining his financial dealings with Guffey, but he is being asked on every side to account for the loose methods in vogue in the state treasurer's office during his administration and to answer the charge that he was frequently absent for days from the office.

It is disclosed that during his term as state treasurer a check for $25,000 was sent by mail to the Mercantile Savings and Trust company under date of July 10, 1907, notwithstanding the fact that the company went into the hands of a receiver on April 5, 1907.

This is the astonishing record of a transaction which occurred in the middle of Berry's term when he was supposed to be looking after the financial interests of the state. The facts are upon the records of the state treasury.

In reply to newspaper criticism in Pottsville last week Berry in a speech admitted that while he was state treasurer he borrowed $16,000 from the Harrisburg Trust company, a favored state depository, but declared that he had given ample collateral.

This is the transaction which has been the subject of so much adverse comment.

DOES IT SELL?

Well! You would think so if you knew that during the months of September and October we have purchased of the 3 sizes the equivalent of 950 four ounce bottles-

:- OF WHAT? -:

"Cherry Bark Cough Syrup."

-: WHY? :-

Because it is the most pleasant, most effectual and cheapest cough remedy on the market—three sizes, 25c, 50c and $1. Sold only at

GREEN'S PHARMACY CO.

The Rexall Store

BELLEFONTE - PA.

Parent Teachers Association.

A well attended meeting of parents of school children was held in the new High School building on Tuesday evening. An association was formed to be known as the "Parent Teachers' Association," and with the following officers: Mrs. A. M. Schmidt, president; Mrs. Harry Badger, vice president; Mrs. John S. Walker, secretary, and J. K. Barnhart, treasurer. There was a general discussion of suggestions for improving and safeguarding moral surroundings for school children. Numerous committees were appointed to look about for public play grounds for the children and in other ways advance the work in hand.

Vote the straight Republican ticket.

Read "The Republican"—$1 per year in advance.

Meats May Be Lower.

Wheat has changed little, fluctuating narrowly, with the range within a cent throughout the week, says Bradstree'ts Report. Statistics of movement were bearish early and visible supply returns were rather depressing, but there was a slight hardening on reports of smaller receipts and holding by farmers. The net decline is only about 1 cent. Corn has eased a little on good crop and weather reports, but oats are firmer and up slightly. Hog products are slightly lower at wholesale, and there is a feeling that large crops of feeding stuffs mean lower prices for meats. Still it is to be noted that bacon this week reached the highest price recorded at retail at some western markets, due, it was said, to the scarcity of lean hogs.

The Typewriter Without Frills

A plain, simple, compact, mechanically perfect writing machine, without any trouble-making "frills."

The Royal Standard $65

Phone me and you will have one in your place on examination, at once.

Terms and Allowances.

R. L. MALLORY,

Crider's Exchange,

Bellefonte, Pa.

care of Mallory Studio.

Horses and Horsemen

are strong in their preference for 5A Horse Blankets and 5A Lap Robes. They well know that the famous 5A leads all others in warmth and wear.

Ask for 5A.

We Sell Them

JAMES SCHOFIELD,

Spring street Bellefonte, Pa.

It is pure!

That is the one thing about Ivory Soap that is of paramount importance.

It floats; it is economical; it is available for use not only in the bath and toilet, but also for fine laundry purposes—these things are important; but, after all, they are secondary to the one great fact that Ivory Soap is pure soap; and nothing else.

Ivory Soap . . 99 44/100 Per Cent. Pure

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"BACK TO THE FARM"

XVI.—What Co-operation Is Doing For the Farmer.

By C. V. GREGORY.

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OUTSIDE of education, the greatest force which is working for the uplift of the farmer is co-operation. Co-operation is bringing the farmers together, teaching them to think and act and work in unison. It is enabling them to market their products most efficiently and at least expense. Co-operation seems to be the only logical means of reducing the great army of nonproducing middlemen.

There are many sections of the United States where co-operation is working successfully. One of the striking instances of successful co-operation is the grain elevator business of the middle west. The idea of co-operative buying and selling had long been talked of among farmers, but it was not until 1890 that the first successful organization for this purpose

NEARLY A THOUSAND CO-OPERATIVE ELEVATORS IN THE MIDDLE WEST.

was established. This was located at Rockwell, Ia., and was known as the Rockwell Co-operative Elevator company. The conditions in the grain trade at this time and even up to within the last half decade were such that the farmer was held up unmercifully. There were two classes of elevators—the line companies and the independents. Nearly all of these were banded together in the form of state associations. In several states the officers of these state associations fixed prices arbitrarily, sending out price cards to the members every morning. These were based more on the competition in the locality than upon the market demand for grain. Finally most of the competition was done away with, except in form by pooling combinations. The different elevators in a town paid various rates to keep up a show of competition, and at the end of each month the profits were divided. Thus it made no particular difference which elevator did the business.

It was to escape such cutthroat methods that the Rockwell Co-operative association was organized. From all sides advice poured in upon the organizers of the new company. They were told that the place for the farmer was in his fields and that business would better be left to business men. The farmers went doggedly ahead, subscribed stock and put up an elevator. The Grain Dealers' association sought to crush them by competition, but the founders had provided for that. They had inserted a protection clause in the constitution which compelled each of their members to pay the association one-fourth of a cent for each bushel of grain sold to a rival company. When the line company offered more than the farmers were able to pay they got the grain. But the one-fourth of a cent a bushel was turned into the treasury of the farmers' company to pay expenses.

Since that time the co-operative idea has spread throughout the middle western states until nearly every town has its co-operative elevator. There are at present nearly a thousand co-operative elevator companies in the middle west. They do a business aggregating hundreds of millions of dollars a year. They do it at cost to the farmers. So far this co-operative elevator movement has helped the consumer only indirectly. When the grain reaches the markets it is turned over to the terminal elevators. Here it is past the farmer's control. The rest of the way to the consumer is through the same cumbersome, expensive system from which the farmers escaped by co-operation. One big leak comes in the lack of federal inspection at these markets. Low grade grain comes in and high grade grain comes out. The consumer pays the bill, and the terminal elevator men grow fat on the proceeds.

It is but a question of time until co-operative companies will handle the grain from the time it leaves the grower until it reaches the consumer. When a system like this is put into working order and the discriminatory freight rates that favor the large cities are done away with the problem of getting the products from producer to consumer at least expense will be solved. When an eastern feeder or miller wants a car of corn he can have it billed direct from a co-operative association in Kansas. It will go through no expensive terminals, and expensive loading and unloading will be done away with.

The system of co-operation which has been worked out by the most progressive of the farmers' elevator companies insures to the farmers every cent that their grain is worth. The manager buys as close to the markets as he can with safety. At the close of the year any accumulated profits are divided among the members of the association in proportion to the business they have done. The aggregate saving that has come to farmers through these co-operative associations can hardly be estimated.

This saving has enabled the farmers to build better homes and improve their farms. It has brought them together and developed a community spirit. Co-operation has been extended to other things. The elevator companies usually handle coal, flour, lumber, etc. They are coming to handle wagons and farm machinery.

Co-operative creameries have been organized throughout all the dairy districts of the country. These have been able to compete successfully with centralized plants, and the competition has compelled the centralizers to keep prices up. Even then the co-operative creameries handle most of the cream from their territory. A typical co-operative creamery in eastern Iowa may be taken as an example of the value of these creameries to the farmers. This creamery saves about $6,000 each year to its patrons.

The fruit growers of Michigan and California have been very successful in co-operative marketing. The conditions which led up to this were much the same as those in the grain belt before co-operation came to the rescue.

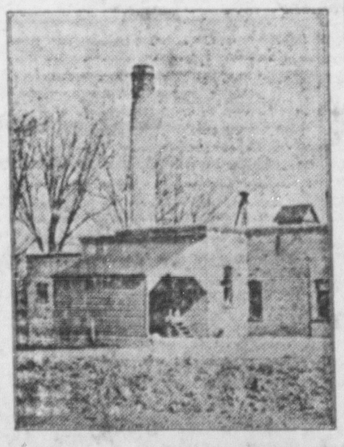
In the live stock industry co-operation is a comparatively new thing, but already it is accomplishing results. Two years ago the woolgrowers of Wyoming formed a co-operative wool storage company. Large warehouses were built to hold the product, and instead of all being dumped on the market at once it was sold gradually, and the usual break in the market was avoided. By this means more than a million dollars was saved to the Wyoming woolgrowers in one year.

The Corn Belt Meat Producers' association has in mind the establishment of a co-operative packing house. This is a practical way of bringing the beef trust to terms and will be a thousand times more effective than all the meat boycotts ever devised.

In many more ways co-operation is helping the farmer to market his products. Co-operation has never failed except when it has tried to limit production and force up prices artificially, as has been the case at times in the tobacco and cotton districts of the south. But this is not true co-operation. It is monopoly, and it is better that it should fail. True co-operation seeks rather to increase production than to limit it. It makes its profits by cutting down the expense of marketing rather than by raising prices above their normal level. Natural conditions of supply and demand, if not interfered with by trusts and combinations, can be depended upon to regulate prices so that they will be fair to both producer and consumer.

Co-operation is also solving the money problem for farmers. Pennsylvania has a number of successful co-operative banks. In the middle west many such institutions are doing a successful business. These banks are safe, for they are usually backed by all the assets of the farmer stockholders. They are run on business principles.

One other great problem confronts the farmers in this country which co-operation has solved in Germany. That is the problem of landownership. A permanent, prosperous agriculture is possible only where the majority of the farmers own the land they cultivate. The proportion of tenant farmers in the United States is steadily increasing. From 25 per cent in 1880 it increased to 36 per cent in 1900. The 1910 census will show in all probability that nearly half the farms in the



A TYPICAL CO-OPERATIVE CREAMERY IN EASTERN IOWA.

United States are worked by tenants. Germany has solved this problem by co-operative loan associations which include all the farmers in a community, and the entire assets of the community are pledged to the company as security. On this security the company borrows large sums of money at very low rates of interest. This money is used to purchase land for members upon approval of the board of directors. The farmer who borrows money from the association pays it back in easy payments extending over a period of forty years or so. He is charged a quarter of a cent more interest than the association pays. This quarter of a cent is used to pay expenses and to provide a sinking fund to cover losses. It has always been amply sufficient for these purposes. Under this plan the farmers can buy land by making annual payments that amount to little more than the rent. Tenancy in Germany has been decreasing ever since this plan went into operation.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

God Save the Commonwealth. I, W. E. Hurley, High Sheriff of the County of Center, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre on the

Second Tuesday in November, 1910

being the 8th, of November, 1910, for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named to wit:

One person for Governor.
One person for Lieutenatn-Governor.
One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs.
One person for Congress.
One person for Assembly,
One person for State Senate.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding elections in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the County of Centre is as follows:

For the North Ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the Logan Engine house on east Howard street.

For the South Ward of the borough of Bellefonte the Brown Building, on corner of Bishop and Allegheny streets.

For the West Ward of the borough of Bellefonte in the carriage shop of S. A. McQuistion, in Bellefonte.

For the borough of Centre Hall, in a room at Runkel's hotel.

For the borough of Howard, at the public school house in said borough.

For the borough of Millheim, in the old school house, now the Municipal building.

For the borough of Milesburg, in the borough building on Market street.

For the First Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, in the Reliance Hose house.

For the Second Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the Public Building at the corner of North Centre and Presqueisle streets.

For the Third Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the Hale school house, north-east corner of Sixth and Presqueisle streets.

For the borough of South Philipsburg, at the dwelling house of John Summers.

For the borough of Snow Shoe, in the borough building.

For the borough of State College, in the Hook and Ladder Company Building.

For the borough of Unionville, in the Grange Hall in said borough.

For the township of Benner, north precinct, at the Knox school house.

For the township of Benner, south precinct, at the Hoy's school house.

For the township of Boggs, east precinct, at the hall of Knights of Labor, in the village of Curtin.

For the township of Boggs, north precinct, at Walker's school house.

For the township of Boggs, West precinct, at the school house in Central City.

For the township of Burnside, in the Building owned by William Hipple, in the village of Pine Glen.

For the township of College, at the school house in the village of Lemont.

For the township of Curtin, north precinct, at the school house in the village of Orvis.

For the township of Curtin, south precinct, at the school house near Robert Manns'.

For the township of Ferguson, east precinct, at the public house of R. R. Randolph, in Pine Grove Mills.

For the township of Ferguson, west precinct, at Baileyville Hall, in the village of Baileyville.

For the township of Gregg, north precinct, at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg, east precinct, at the house occupied by Wm. Sinkabine at Penn Hall.

For the township of Gregg, west precinct, in a room at Warren Wood's hotel at Spring Mills.

For the township of Haines, east precinct, at the school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines, west precinct, at the hotel in Aaronsburg.

For the township of Halfmoon, in I. O. O. F. hall in Stormstown.

For the township of Harris, east precinct, at the building owned by Harry McClellan in the village of Linden Hall.

For the township of Harris, west precinct, at the school house in the village of Boalsburg.

For the township of Howard, in the township public building.

For the township of Huston, in a building owned by J. C. Nason in the village of Julian.

For the township of Liberty, east precinct, at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Liberty, west precinct, at the school house at Monument.

For the township of Marion, at the shop of Samuel Aley in the village of Jacksonville.

For the township of Miles, east precinct, at the dwelling house of Joseph Wolf at Wolf's Store.

For the township of Miles, Middle precinct, at the wagonmaker shop of W. J. Weber in Rebersburg.

For the township of Miles, west precinct, at the store room of Elias Miller in Madisonburg.

For the township of Patton, in the shop of John Hoy at Waddle.

For the township of Penn, in a building formerly owned by Luther Guisewhite, at Coburn.

For the township of Potter, north precinct, at the Old Fort hotel.

For the township of Potter, south precinct, at the hotel in the village of Potters Mills.

For the township of Potter, west precinct, at the store of Geo. Meiss, at Colyer.

For the township of Rush, north precinct, at the school house at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush, east precinct, at the school house in the village of Cassanova.

For the township of Rush, south precinct, at the school house in the village of Powelton.

For the township of Rush, west precinct, at the school house near Osceola Mills, known as the Tower school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, east precinct, at the school house in the village of Clarence.

For the township of Snow Shoe, west precinct at the house of Alonza A. Grove, in the village of Moshannon.

For the township of Spring, north precinct, in the ware room of David Miller, in Bush's Addition.

For the township of Spring, south precinct, at the public house of John C. Mulfinger, in Pleasant Gap.

For the township of Spring, west precinct, in the hall occupied by the Coleville band at Coleville.

For the township of Taylor, in the house erected for election purposes at Leonard Merryman's.

For the township of Union, in the township public building.

For the township of Walker, east precinct, in the building owned by Solomon Peck, opposite Peck's store.

For the township of Walker, middle precinct, in Grange hall, in the village of Hublersburg.

For the township of Walker, west precinct, at the dwelling house of John Royer in the village of Zion.

For the township of Worth, in the hall of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, in the village of Port Matilda.

The following is the official list of nominations made by the several parties, and as their names will appear upon the ticket to be voted on the 8th day of November, 1910, at the different voting places in Centre county, as certified to respectively by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Commissioners of Centre county.

REPUBLICAN.

Governor,
John K. Tener.
Lieutenant Governor,
John M. Reynolds.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
Henry Houck.
Representative in Congress,
Charles E. Patton.
Senator in General Assembly,
Joseph Alexander.
Representative in General Assembly,
J. Calvin Meyer.

DEMOCRATIC.

Governor,
Webster Grim.
Lieutenant Governor,
Thomas H. Greevy.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
James I. Blakslee.
Representative in Congress,
William C. Heinle.
Senator in General Assembly,
Samuel Cooper Stewart.
Representative in General Assembly,
J. Calvin Meyer.

PROHIBITION.

Governor,
Madison F. Larkin.
Lieutenant Governor,
Charles E. McConkey.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
Charles W. Huntingdon.
Representative in Congress,
Charles E. Patton.
Senator in General Assembly,
Samuel C. Watts.
Representative in General Assembly,
James Haworth.

SOCIALIST.

Governor,
John W. Slayton.
Lieutenant Governor,
Louis Cohen.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
Beaumont Sykes.
Representative in Congress,
George W. Fox.
Senator in General Assembly,
Daniel M. Calwell.

INDEPENDENT.

Senator in General Assembly,
Frederic R. Scofield.

INDUSTRIALIST.

Governor,
George Anton.
Lieutenant Governor,
Wm. H. Thomas.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
James Erwin.

KEYSTONE.

Governor,
William H. Berry.
Lieutenant Governor,
D. Clarence Gibboney.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
John J. Casey.

WORKINGMENS LEAGUE.

Governor,
John K. Tener.
Lieutenant Governor,
John M. Reynolds.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
Henry Houck.

Specimen Ballot

To vote a Straight Party Ticket, Mark a Cross "X" in the Square, in the First Column, Opposite the name of the Party of your Choice.

A Cross Mark in the Square Opposite the Name of any Candidate, Indicates a Vote for that Candidate.

FIRST COLUMN

To Vote a Straight Party Ticket Mark a Cross (X) in This Column

REPUBLICAN
DEMOCRATIC
PROHIBITION
SOCIALIST
INDEPENDENT
INDUSTRIALIST
KEYSTONE
WORKINGMENS LEAGUE

Governor (Mark One)

John K. Tener	Republican / Workingmens League	
Webster Grim	Democratic	
Madison F. Larkin	Prohibition	
John W. Slayton	Socialist	
George Anton	Industrialist	
William H. Berry	Keystone	

Lieutenant Governor (Mark One)

Jno. M. Reynolds	Republican / Workingmens League	
Thomas H. Greevy	Democratic	
Charles E. McConkey	Prohibition	
Louis Cohen	Socialist	
Wm. H. Thomas	Industrialist	
D. Clarence Gibboney	Keystone	

Secretary of Internal Affairs (Mark One)

Henry Houck	Republican / Workingmens League	
James I. Blakslee	Democratic	
Charles W. Huntingdon	Phohibition	
Beaumont Sykes	Socialist	
James Erwin	Industrialist	
John J. Casey	Keystone	

Representative in Congress (Mark One)

Charles E. Patton	Republican / Prohibition	
William C. Heinle	Democratic	
George W. Fox	Socialist	

Senator in General Assembly (Mark One)

Joseph Alexander	Republican	
Samuel Cooper Stewart	Democratic	
Samuel C. Watts	Prohibition	
Daniel M. Calwell	Socialist	
Frederic R. Scofield	Independent	

Representative in General Assembly (Mark One)

J. Calvin Meyer	Republican / Democratic	
James Haworth	Prohibition	

Notice is hereby given, that every person, excepting Justice of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judicary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such elections, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.

Under the law of the Commonwealth for holding elections, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock A. M. and closed at 7 o'clock P. M.

Given under my hand and seal at my office in Bellefonte, this 18th day of October, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and ten, and in the one hundred and thirty-fifth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

W. E. HURLEY, (Seal.)
Sheriff of Centre county.

Buffalo Still Found.

What young man of our race would not gladly give a year of his life to roll backward the scroll of time for five decades, and live that year in the romantic by-gone days of the Wild West; to see the great Missouri while the buffalo pastured on its banks, while big game teemed in sight and the red man roamed and hunted, unchecked by fence or hint of white man's rule; or, when that rule was represented only by scattered trading-posts, hundreds of miles apart, and at best the traders could exchange the news by horse or canoe, and months of of lonely travel.

I, for one, would have rejoiced in tenfold payment for the privilege of this backward look in our age, and had reached middle life before I realized that, at a much less heavy cost, the miracle was possible today.

For the uncivilized Indian still roams the far reaches of absolutely unchanged, unbroken forest and prairie leagues, and has knowledge of white men only in bartering furs at the scattered trading-posts where locomotive and telegraph are unknown; still the wild buffalo elude the hunters, fight the wolves, wallow, wander, and breed; and still there is hoofed game by the million to be found where the Saxon is as seldom seen as on the Missouri in the times of Lewis and Clarke. Only we must seek it all, not in the West, but in the far Northwest; and for "Missouri and Mississippi" read "Peace and Mackenzie Rivers," those noble streams that northward roll their mile-wide turbid floods a thousand leagues to the silent Artic Sea.

This was the thought which spurred me to a six months' journey by canoe. And I found what I went in search of, but found, also, abundant and better rewards that were not in mind, even as Saul, the son of Kish, went seeking asses and found for himself a crown and a great kingdom.—*Scribner.*

To Stuff Thanksgiving Turkey.

"New England Stuffing—Remove the hard outside crusts from a small stale loaf of baker's bread," says Fannie Merritt Farmer in Woman's Home Companion for November. "Cut in slices and toast until delicately browned then put in chopping-bowl and chop while adding hot water to moisten. Add one third of a cupful of finely chopped fat salt pork, one egg well beaten. Salt, pepper and sage to taste.

"Fall River Stuffing—Put giblets in saucepan and cover with one quart of cold water. Place on range and heat gradually until boiling-point is reached; then let simmer until giblets are tender. The liver will cook in less time than heart and gizzard, and should be removed as soon as done. Split and spread sixteen common crackers with butter, allowing one half tablespoonful to each half-cracker. Pour over crackers two and three fourths cupfuls of stock in which giblets were cooked. As soon as crackers have absorbed the stock, add giblets finely chopper and season with salt and pepped, and summer savory sage or marjoram may be added as desired.

"Bread-and-Celery Stuffing—Remove hard outside crusts from a stale loaf of baker's bread and break in pieces. There should be three and one half cupfuls. Pour over bread one cupful of boiling water and let stand twenty minutes, then squeeze out all the water that is possible. To bread add one tablespoonful of poultry seasoning, one and one half teaspoonfuls of salt and one fourth of a teaspoonful of pepper, add three fourths of a cupful of finely cut celery and one half cupful of melted butter.

"Potato-Stuffing—Mix two cupfuls of hot mashed potatoes, two cupfuls of cracker-crumbs, one third of a cupful each of melted butter and sausage fat and one half cupful of cooked giblets finely chopped. Moisten with hot water and season with salt, pepper and sage."

Dicipline of Time Schedule.

The institution built up on time schedules has become mightier than the man and the man is immensely benefited by the discipline of the institution. Thirty years ago along the great island rivers of the United States, the Ohio, the Mississippi, the Missouri, the greatest difference was apparent between the river towns and the railroad towns. In the river towns steamboat passengers were quite content to wait several days, idling on the level, whittling or swapping yarns or doing the dolce far nichte on the hotel plazzas. When far up or down the river the deep bellow of the boat's whistle was heard, day or night, the sleepy town awakened into prodigious and spasmodic activity until the boat had come and gone; then it went to sleep again. Clocks were not needed and all business was conducted on the same easy lines. Notes were paid, not when they were due, but when the crops were marketed. An Eskimo who figures years as so many snows, months as so many moons, and days as so many sleeps, would have found the business methods of the steamboat town wholly normal—steamboat coming down the river, great excitement; whale seen in the offing, great excitement—what was the difference? In the railroad towns there was a very different spirit. People had clocks in their houses and watches in the pockets; they went to the railroad station on railroad schedule time; the coming and going of the daily trains became definite, regulating and educational events even to those who never traveled; they got into the habit of keeping other appointments; they were beginning to learn that the institution was greater than the individual—*The Engineering Magazine.*

Read The Republican—$1 per year.

MR. BERRY'S BLUNDER

As State Treasurer Sent $25,000 Deposit to Defunct Bank.

All Lawrence County is laughing over the confusion of the political managers of William H. Berry over the discovery that when he was State Treasurer he sent a State deposit of $25,000 to a bank at New Castle after it had failed and closed its doors. More than this, it was three months before Mr. Berry got awake to the fact and bombarded the bank receiver with telegrams asking for the return of the money. A good many persons, in Lawrence County and other counties, as well, are wondering whether Mr. Berry, if elected Governor, would be more careful than he was with the $25,000 belonging to the State.

Attorney J. Howard Painter, of Kittanning, was appointed receiver of the New Castle Savings & Trust Company, which became insolvent in February, 1907. The appointment was made after proceedings at Harrisburg, within a stone's throw of Mr. Berry's office as State Treasurer. In July, or five months after the bank failed, Receiver Painter was amazed to receive from Mr. Berry a check for $25,000. He placed the check in a vault and awaited developments. Three months later Mr. Berry got awake with a start. For the first time he realized that he had forwarded a State deposit to a bank that had failed. Receiver Painter thereupon returned the check to Mr. Berry. The latter kept the matter quiet, but last week it leaked out. Hence the laugh at the expense of the Berryites.

"Generally debilitated for years. Had sick headaches, lacked ambition, was worn-out and all run-down. Burdock Blood Bitters made me a well woman."—Mrs. Chas. Freitoy, Moosup, Conn.

ents Recalled By Quaint Old Papers

ne Republican," continuing its s of articles based on quaint old rs and other papers furnished us by . Harry C. Valentine, this week pub- es a few letters exchanged between nes M. Petrikin, who represented this ction in the Legislature more than ghty years ago, and representative itizens at home. The letters are quite refreshing in their candor. They illustrate the deep and lively interest manifested by the public in the doings of the Legislature which is in striking contrast to the mild concern of the public over such matters during the present period.

It was during the time that Mr. Petrikin served in the Legislature that the bill was passed providing for the route and construction of the famous old Pennsylvania Canal. The agitation over the subject, the numerous spirited discussions as to the wisdom of the project and later as to the route to be followed held the public mind for many a day, although perhaps, little of the subject is even known by even a few of the present generation.

With the advent of the railroad, the old Pennsylvania Canal was eventually used as the route for the Pennsylvania Railroad, and when the project was launched in the Legislatutre it, too, provoked one of the bitterest fights witnessed at Harrisburg, before or since that time.

Even during the Forties a daily mail coach system was operated between Bellefonte and Lock Haven, passengers taking the canal boats at the latter place for Harrisburg and Philadelphia. We find in for instance in the old Bellefonte "Whig," in the year 1847, an advertisement announcing that packet boats "leave Harrisburg daily at 4 P. M., arrive at Williamsport the next evening and at Lock Haven the following morning at 4 o'clock," and that "passengers taking the boats at Harrisburg need travel but two nights and one day in order to reach Lock Haven."

The daily mail coach was driven from Lock Haven to Bellefonte every day in the week except Sunday, three times by way of the Nittany Valley road and three times by way of the Bald Eagle Valley route. This was done in order to pick up passengers from the two sections of the county. There was also a daily coach system from Bellefonte to Philipsburg, Clearfield and Curwensville, as well as from Bellefonte to Lewistown.

Taking up the letters we have referred to, here is one, from Bond Valentine to Mr. Petrikin, making mention of Thomas Burnside for Supreme Court Justice, which high post the latter eventually secured. The letter follows:

BELLEFONTE, April 4th, 1826.

DEAR SIR:—

We have been attending with great interest to your judiciary proceeding. If you revive the old Circuit Court and make room for more Judges, we look with confidence to the promotion of our neighbor T. B. I intend myself to make a crusade to Harrisburg and build me a liberty pole before Gen. Bernard's door to secure his favorable intercession There are one or two contingencies between him and promotion but considering the high favor of our President at court he must go to the Supreme, as Derrick would s y, all in goed time.

You are pretty boys to make a canal. What the damnation do you suppose we the people care for taxation when it is to come out of the coffers of the rich down the country and be expended among we poor devils in the back woods?

Yours truly,

B. VALENTINE.

Another old letter is that from Thomas Burnside to Charles Huston, written at Harrisburg, and which was as follows:

HARRISBURG, April 5th, 1826.

DEAR SIR:—

I received your two letters by Mr. Rawle. I this day enclosed the check of Mr. Clarke to Messrs. Simon Gratz & Brother, payable to their order, for $70. The balance I will bring home with me. Am I to purchase you a coat?

The Collateral Inheritance bill is on a third reading. We have two of a majority and it will pass tomorrow. The Land Bill is on a second reading. Mr. Henderson has returned and the 33 Senators are in their places. I have strong hopes of getting the land bill through. It is really better for the debtors than to leave them in their present situation.

The Circuit Court Bill has passed through Committee of the Whole and I think will probably finally pass tomorrow. I have no doubt of its passage.

I will now confidentially detail to you a conversation I had with the Governor a short time since. I went on some business. He introduced the Penal Commission and I mentioned your name. He distinctly stated that, if the bill passed, he wanted you ior another place, and he offered to appoint me one of the Commissioners. I respectfully declined the appointment for two reasons; 1, a want of time, and 2ndly, I did not like to hold an appointment when I had been very active in creating the office, and I then suggested the propriety of leaving the Commission open until the rising of the Legislature. I believe he intended to pursue this course before I suggested it. Your name has been pretty publicly mentioned as one of the Judges. I have affected no knowledge on the subject. One or two friends have hinted to me your appointment and that I should be your successor. I have said as little on this subject as possible, neither acquiescing or refusing. Now it has been a question with me whether the Governor would appoint me and whether, if I suffered my name to go forward, it would not injure you. I have thus stated my whole knowledge on this subject candidly. If my name would affect you in any way, it shall not be used, and I leave the matter to your judgment. I shall be very glad to hear from you.

Yours truly,

THOS. BURNSIDE.

CHARLES HUSTON, Esq.

Note the pointed comment in the following letter from Thomas Burnside to Mr. Petrikin, anent the proposed route of the canal:

BELLEFONTE, Dec'r. 12th, 1826.

DEAR SIR:—

I received yours of the 9th this day. The news Henry Petrikin received from Philadelphia could not be very new to him or to you either. Every human being in Pa. who knew anything knew well that the Board of Canal Commissioners would recommend the Juniata to Frankstown, the Kiskiminetas to Johnstown and railroad of 38 miles and some perches between them. I stated this to you and Henry both long before you went to Harrisburg and that Judge Goddes was ma'uring a plan for improving the West Branch by dams and locks.

Every man in this part of the state, whose opinion is worth having, calculates on your supporting this plan of improvement and, "if the friends of the northern route oppose canceling in toto," they ought to be politically doomed to everlasting infamy. Such a course would disgrace the state they represent. I beg you to think, deliberate and consider, and in a business of such importance do not act rashly. It would be the course desired by the enemies of internal improvement and would be the course to lead Pennsylvania to infamy and disgrace.

I have been unwell for a day or two past or I would write more at large.

Your friends are well.

Yours truly,

THOS. BURNSIDE.

JAMES M. PETRIKIN, Esq.

That shaping up a judicial district with a political object in view was not an undreamed of thing as far back as 1826 may be gleaned from the following letter, from Mr. Burnside to Mr. Petrikin:

BELLEFONTE, Jan'y. 31st, 1826.

DEAR SIR:—

Yours of the 29th current in hand today. The Constitution of Pa. gives to the Legislature the power to change and model the judiciary in such a way as they think wise and advantageous to the people. When I was a member of the Legislature I stuck a county in or took one from a Judge as I thought right, without consulting the Judge. I was not so polite as you are. I am satisfied witn my present district and I shall be satisfied if the Legislature change it. If I don't like it, I can quat, to use a favorite expression of your worthy father.

But to treat the subject with all due seriousness and with all that profound respect that is due to a wise and learned Legislature, I would ask whoever heard before of legislating a Judge out of office by changing his district when if you come to look at the politics for and against him, they stand as at 0. to One in his favor. Judge Chapman has to my certain knowledge a vast majority of the people both in Lycoming and Union in his favor and, if you put it to the people, there would be 5 to one against you. Let the old man alone, he will not trouble you very long. If you begin to change districts, redistrict the whole state. Such a proposition as you state never can pass. Having practiced in Judge Chapman's district, I know the bar well and I feel no delicacy in saying Judge Chapman has a spoiled Bar, and I think the chances equal to 5 against one that before I was their Judge six months I would be less thought of than Judge Chapman. Send me the copy of the Clearfield Court Bill. Your friends are well.

I thank you for writing to me and am respectfully,

Your friend and ob. st.

THOS. BURNSIDE.

J. M. PETRIKIN, Esq.

Still considering exercised over the canal subject, Mr. Burnside addressed the following to Mr. Petrikin:

Bellefonte, 14th Feb'y. 1827.

DEAR JAMES:—

I received your favor on the 10th today, for which I thank you. I disapprove of any attempt to charge or alter the plan of the Canal Commissioners. The man who is a friend to the canal system will support the report and will not attempt innovations. The misfortune is that the West Branch men are too wise. They want too much and are not satisfied in doing well. If you get a canal to Bald Eagle, what more do you want? My life for it the private canal will force it through. It will not be able to do half of the business and the public interest will demand its completion.

Take what is offered to you. Stick to that and to that only. I will not enter into any scheme beyond the report—no not to bring a canal to my door; and I go further. The man who will not support the report of the Canal Commission either acts from ignorance, prejudice or something worse. Quit your abuse of the canal commissioners and the canal engineers. It does you no good either at home or abroad. In Harrisburg you are considered an enemy to the canal and the canal system. At home the people cannot make up their minds, they cannot account for that strange abuse in every company which is poured upon those engaged in the work. The canal party elected you. That party is increasing. The poor want work, want higher wages. The intelligence of the country is in favor of the canal. This county has everything to gain and nothing to lose. I tell you, stick to the report of the Canal Commission without wobbling and you will deserve well of your country. Any other course will be unwise and to you and your constituents unfortunate.

This is a plain letter. It is dictated by friendship. Read it and consider of it.

Your friend,

THOS. BURNSIDE.

James M. Petrikin.

The next letter we have reveals how plain-spoken were men in the period in question. The discussion over the canal route was waxing warm at Harrisburg and also at home. Mr. Petrikin had written to Mr. Burnside rather emphatically defending his course on the report of the Canal Commissioners. To this Mr. Burnside wrote the following reply:

Bellefonte, Pa., March 10th, 1827

DEAR JAMES:—

I received your letter respecting our county meeting, written in anger and under wrong impressions. I delayed answering it, giving you time to cool and saving myself trouble. I hope by this time you are satisfied with the correctness of our course and proceedings. If you are not now, you will be by the first of April. I tell you the friends of the West Branch should have stuck to the report of the Canal Commissioners and resisted all attempts to change or alter it.

You talk of a pledge. This is folly. There can be no legislative pledge. You cannot bind your successors. The Juniata and North Branch have as good a right to ask a pledge of you. There can be no better pledge than an Act of Assembly. The report of the Canal Commissioners and an Act in conformity was all the pledge you had a right to ask and, by asking too much, you may probably lose the whole. The friends of the West Branch have, I assert it, acted unwisely. Your constituents ask of you to stick to the report of the Canal Commissioners and this is all they ask. You ought in every republican principle to regard their voice. They do not at present think there is any wisdom in putting too much of the Canal under contract. It places too much in the market and takes too many hands from labor. There is no wisdom in going beyond the mouth of the B. Eagle at present. Further examination must be made, a system must be formed and, when that is done, the canal will extend itself in the proper direction. Upon the whole, we have required of our representatives a simple, plain and direct course to stick to the Canal report, to make it their polar star, their guide and their only course. If you had done so, you had high authority for what you had done,—the constituted authorities of the state backed by your constituents—but the moment this course is departed from you are without compass or rudder in an ocean of uncertainty, and will, in all human probability, be foundered in your own wisdom.

We wish the Canal Report adopted and we wish nothing more.

Your friend as heretofore,

THOS. BURNSIDE.

J. M. Petrikin, Esq.

Almost one year later, while the Legislature was working on a Penal Code, and when the subject of solitary confinement at hard labor was vigorously debated, Mr. Burnside addressed a letter to Mr. Petrikin strongly advocating the adoption of workshops for prisoners. In the letter in question note the reference to the streets in Bellefonte:

Bellefonte, 21st Feb'y. 1828.

DEAR SIR:—

I thank you sincerely for the report on the Penal Code. It is upon the whole a good one. I have read it over, and the system of labor is in accordance with my opinions long formed on that subject. I hope the Legislature will take up this subject and reject the foolish plan of solitary confinement without labor which has been the rage for the last seven years. It is time we had work shops in the new prisons. This subject is worthy of a long session and it should not be suffered to keep.

I confess I have found small objections to some of the proposed amendments in the Penal Code. I wish to look at the bill again and will probably trouble you with some suggestions.

We have nothing new among us. All shut up in our houses by the mud. Our streets are intolerable and our roads dreadful.

Your ob. st.

THOS. BURNSIDE.

James M. Petrikin, Esq.

It might be interesting to explain that in the days in question, letter writing was about the only means of communication. Instead of a letter requiring but a 2-cent stamp, as is the case today, the postage on letters eighty or more years ago often amounted to thirty-five and forty cents, and sometimes more.

FOLEY'S ORINO LAXATIVE
FOR STOMACH TROUBLE and CONSTIPATION

Tribute to John K. Tener.

John S. Eberman, of the firm of Crawford & Eberman, bankers and brokers, with offices in the Magee building, in Pittsburg, was cashier of the Bank of Charleroi when John K. Tener, the Republican candidate for governor, was cashier of the First National Bank of Charleroi. Mr. Tener's bank was the established one of the town and Mr. Eberman's institution came in long afterward. As a rival banker Mr. Eberman had many opportunities to observe Mr. Tener's business and banking methods. Referring to those methods he said on Monday:

"Remember, I was not associated in the same bank with John K. Tener, I was connected with the rival bank that came in to do business in the town in which Mr. Tener's bank was the old established institution. The competition between the two banks was sharp and naturally would have brought out any tendency to unfairness, sharp practice and shady methods in Tener, had there been anything in his character that would induce him to take that sort of advantage over a competitor.

"In all our relations Mr. Tener was always honorable and manly. His attitude towards us was broad-minded and generous, and, notwithstanding the intense rivalry, he retained the respect of his competitors, and all who came in contact with him. John K. Tener would not be guilty of acts to the detriment and harm of anybody. His character is exceedingly free from such taint.

"In relation to the charges made by a Philadelphia, Pa., newspaper which virtually accuses him of lending his name to an alleged fraudulent scheme for the purpose of inducing the public—his own friends included—to make bad investments, I am sure that he would not be guilty of such an act. To all the oral agreements relating to the affairs of the two banks and such understandings are frequent—Mr. Tener adhered strictly. His word was regarded as good as a bond. I am not a politician, nor interested especially in politics, but I want justice to be done to Mr. Tener."

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the following amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section 26 of Article V., which reads as follows: "Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:—

Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; but, notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall have full power to establish new courts, from time to time, as the same may be needed in any city or county, and to prescribe the powers and jurisdiction thereof, and to increase the number of judges in any courts now existing or hereafter created, or to reorganize the same, or to vest in other courts the jurisdiction theretofore exercised by courts not of record, and to abolish the same wherever it may be deemed necessary for the orderly and efficient administration of justice.

A true copy of Resolution No. 1.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to eliminate the requirement of payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section one of article eight be amended, by striking out the fourth numbered paragraph thereof, so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact.

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

A true copy of Resolution No. 2.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Allegheny County.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

A true copy of Resolution No. 3.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," so as to read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Baltimore and Soft Crabs.

The genuine soft crab, or Brachyura baltimorieusis, is the most delicate as it is the most delicious of all victuals. It will no more bear transportation than a zephyr or a daffodil. The moment it is taken from its native deep it begins to lose bounce and flavor, and once it has left the Chesapeake littoral it is no longer eatable. That is why the soft crab is a superb delicatessen in Baltimore and a bitter disappointment everywhere else. So sensitive is it, indeed, to climate and handling that it is impossible to get a decent soft crab anywhere west of the first tollgate on the Frederick road. In Pittsburg, where embalmed soft crabs are offered in the gilded lobster palaces, their flavor is that of glucose. In Chicago the soft crab is a mere curiosity, to be gaped at, but not eaten. Baltimore alone has the genuine article, and it is fortunate for Baltimore that it cannot be transported. If it were possible to ship soft crabs the whole earth would bid for them, running up their price to $1, $5 and perhaps even to $100 a dozen.—Baltimore Sun.

Visual Proof.

She—Mr. Sweetly has such polish and such finish! Haven't you observed them? He (savagely)—No, I haven't, more's the pity! I'd like to see his finish.—New York Press.

Hardness and Coldness.

Ethel—Jack really won Maud by hardness and coldness. Elsie—What do you mean? Ethel—Diamonds and ice cream.—Boston Transcript.

It is a great misfortune not to have enough wit to speak well or not enough judgment to keep silent.—La Bruyere.

Family Favorite

the Lamp Oil that Saves Eyes

Nothing is more important in the home than clear, steady light. Insure this by getting the oil that burns clear and clean without a flicker down to the last drop. Pennsylvania crude oil refined to perfection.

Costs no more than the tank-wagon kind—saves *money*—saves *work*—saves eyes.

Your dealer has *Family Favorite Oil* in barrels direct from our refineries.

Waverly Oil Works Co.
Independent Refiners
PITTSBURG, PA.
Also makers of Waverly Special Auto Oil and Waverly Gasolines.

The Main Thing About
FIRE INSURANCE

Is carrying a sufficient amount to really protect your property for after a fire one can only accept the result.

Better see to it that you are fully insured and in a company celebrated for prompt payment of losses; a good reliable company the only kind represented by us.

Also represent The Preferred Accident Insurance company of New York, which issues $5,000 Travel Policy at $12.00 per year.

Harry E. Fenlon

Temple Court - - - Bellefonte, Pa.

Real Estate Bought and Sold,
RENTS COLLECTED.

EDW. K. RHOADS

At his yard opposite the P. R. R. Passenger Station, sells only,
BEST QUALITIES
—(OF)—
ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS
COALS

Also, All Linds of
Wood, Grain, Hay, Straw
and Sand.

Superior Screenings for Lime Burning.
Builders and Plasterers' Sand.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
Bell 1312
Commercial 422

Notorious Women Gamblers.

One of the most notorious female gamblers of the eighteenth century was Miss Pelham, the daughter of the English prime minister. She not only ruined herself at cards, but would have beggared her sister Mary as well had not their friends intervened and insisted on the sisters separating. Horace Walpole gives a pitiful account of "poor Miss Pelham sitting up all night at the club without a woman, losing hundreds a night and her temper, beating her head and making a scene before the young men and the waiters." Another writer says that the unhappy woman often played cards with the tears streaming down her cheeks.

Lady Mary Compton, an old maiden lady, a contemporary of Miss Pelham and, like her, addicted to gambling, had the same propensity to tears. When she lost, we are told, she wept bitterly—"not for the loss itself," she was careful to explain, "but for the unkindness of the cards."

A Bank of Brides.

Simla, the summer capital of the Indian empire, is a pretty pine treed place well up in the foothills of the Himalayas. A feature of Simla life is the annual fair held by the native hills people, an attractive item of which is a "bank of brides" in an amphitheater, where sit numbers of young women who thus calmly announce that they are candidates for hymeneal honors. Some of these aspirants to matrimony so patiently awaiting a choosing are quite pretty and have intelligent faces, but those of Mongol caste must needs linger long for a partner if personal beauty enters into the equation.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Here and There.

If you enjoy a good smoke, try "Black & White." Sold at Green's.

Mrs. Harry Garbrick and daughter, Alice, are visiting friends in Pittsburg.

"Liggett's Chocolates" are the finest made. You will find them at Green's Pharmacy Co.

Mrs. Martin Fauble is spending several weeks in Harrisburg with her daughter, Mrs. Edward Tausig.

Mrs. W. L. Foster, of State College, was the guest of Tyrone friends on Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Bauer, of Jersey Shore, is spending the winter at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Julia Walsh.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings this week closed her home here and departed for Harrisburg, where she will spend the winter.

Professor Jonas E. Wagner and Mrs. Wagner were visitors to Altoona on Friday, attending an educational convention at that place.

Mrs. Warren Elsey, of Pittsburg, nee Miss Bernice Taylor, formerly of Bellefonte, is receiving congratulations on the arrival of a young daughter.

Mrs. Hester Coulter and her mother, Mrs. Baer, of Altoona, last week spent three or four days with the former's aunt, Mrs. Frank E. Naginey.

A progressive hallowe'en party, on Monday night, made a tour of the town and wound up the evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Will Conley.

Mrs. Edward Cooke and daughter, Jeanette, departed on Saturday, last, for Washington, D. C., where they will spend the winter with Mr. Cooke, who is located there.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Cook returned home on Friday after an extended visit with their daughters, Mrs. John Hinman Gibson, at Rutherford, N. J., and Miss Margaret Cook, at Boston, Mass.

Mrs. David McKinney, of Howard, and her son, Father Logan McKinney, of Juniata, yesterday attended the Funeral of the late Murty Cunningham. Mrs. McKinney was a cousin of Mr. Cunningham.

Curtin C. Taylor, the obliging passenger train brakeman on the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania, has resigned his position and will next week accept a similar one at Tyrone with the Pennsylvania Railroad.

State College and Villa Nova played a rattling, good football game on Saturday, last, neither side scoring. State lost the game by costly fumbles, several being made when the ball was but a few feet from Ville Nova's goal line.

The biggest thing in Bellefonte for 10 cents, on Tuesday evening, was the supper for men at the Y. M. C. A. Three classes in Bible study have been organized. Supper, 6.15 to 6.45; Bible study, 6.45 to 7.15, every Tuesday evening. Men, come and join one of these classes.

William Cunningham and family, of Beaver Falls, and Edward Cunningham and family, of Linden Hall, were arrivals in town this week, coming for the funeral of the late Murty Cunningham. Murty Cunningham, Jr., who is located in New York, is ill and was unable to be here.

Mrs. Sarah Eckley met with a painful experience a short time ago. She was bitten on the finger by a pig. While the finger was quite sore she in some manner scratched her face with it, causing something like erysipelas. Her condition for several days was such as to give her friends more or less uneasiness. Now, however, she is about again.

W. E. Kessinger, of Nittany, this week favored us with a nice remittance advancing his subscription to "The Republican" to September, 1911. In conveying to Mr. Kessinger our appreciation we also wish to express the hope that he will find "The Republican" more interesting each week and that he will continue to be one of our regular readers for many years to come.

What the Bellefonte Academy football eleven did to the Tyrone Y. M. C. A. team, on Saturday, last, was a caution. The visitors were heralded as a star aggregation, but once they got on the field all they could see was stars. The Academy boys trimmed them up, 30 0, and at that apparently did not have to work very hard. On Saturday, next, the Academy will play the Indiana State Normal School eleven, at Indiana.

H. M. Pennington, William Stine and Harry Etters, all of Scotia and a trio of faithful employes of the Bellefonte Furnace Company, at that place, are among the new subscribers to "The Republican" enrolled this week. As we have said, all three men give their best service to their employers and during the time they are readers of "The Republican" we shall give our best service toward making this newspaper interesting for them.

Somebody at Green's Pharmacy Company has evidently been working overtime, as the windows this morning will testify. A good deal of work, wasn't it, putting up that display? We think the idea attractive though, quite unique. The way the letters "D. D. D." have been worked up is particularly clever. Take a look everybody, when you go past. It'll be there for a few days. And we will be on the lookout for some more good ideas from you later on, Mr. Green.

"The time, the place and the girl", at Garman's Opera House tonight.

Fred Blanchard, of Chicago, greeted old Bellefonte friends over Sunday.

Gregg Curtin, who is located at Elizabeth, N. J., spent Sunday at the parental home.

Mr. and Mrs. Rush Larimer, of Northumberland, are visiting friends in Bellefonte.

If you need anything kept ordinarily in first class drug stores, you will find it at Green's.

Philip Shoemaker and Charles Scott shot a wild turkey down in Armor's Gap, one day last week.

Mrs. W. Fred Reynolds on Monday evening entertained the Bellefonte chapter, D. A. R.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Acheson, of Niagara Falls, are guests at the home of the latter's mother, in Howard Street.

Mrs. Harry Badger and her sister, Mrs. Joseph Apt, are spending this week with their brother, John Eberhart, at Punxsutawney.

Frank Chamberlin, a brother of Mrs. A. O. Furst, died last week at his late home in Philadelphia. Interment was made at Milton.

The Bellefonte High School football eleven will meet the Milton High School team, on Saturday, next, at Hughes Field. The game will be called at 3 o'clock.

J. W. Beale, G. B. Matthews, Harold Lichtenthaler, Frank Middleton, George Simler, Jr., and George Barnes, all of Philipsburg, are camping and hunting at Pine Glenn.

Mr. and Mrs. Wagner Geiss, of this place, and Mr. and Mrs. George Goodhart, of Centre Hall, attended the Thompson-Goodhart wedding at Lewistown, on Thursday, last.

Mrs. Louis Hill and son, Russell, spent Sunday with Mrs. Hill's brother, Frank Miller, at Tyrone, returning home to find that Mr. Hill had arranged a delightful surprise party in honor of the occasion.

Charles A. Morris, the limestone operator, having removed into the Harper home a short time ago, concluded that he wanted a good newspaper and quite naturally became enrolled as a subscriber to "The Republican."

Mrs. Durburrow, wife of R. N. Durburrow, Superintendent of Motive Power, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Joseph Moore, also of Altoona, spent Thursday and Friday as guests of Mrs. Charles R. Kurtz.

Mr. and Mrs. John Curtin were visitors to Philadelphia over Sunday. On Thursday Mr. Curtin attended the wedding of Charles Thompson, of Lemont, and Miss Martha Goodhart, of Lewistown, which was solemnized at the latter place.

Mr. and Mrs Robert Thompson, of Port Matilda, and Mr. and Mrs. C. Thompson and daughter, of Warriors-Mark, were among those to attend the annual reunion of the Thompson family, held on Saturday, last, at the home of Dr. H. H. Thompson, of Philipsburg.

G. C. Lykens, one of the most efficient and trustworthy men at the Scotia mines, has honored us by becoming enrolled as a subscriber to "The Republican." "Jeff", as he is popularly known, is a loyal Republican and we are proud to be able to note the fact that he is a good friend of this paper.

George H. Yarnell, one of the good Republicans down at Zion and a prospective aspirant for the Republican nomination for Sheriff at the primaries, in June, next, was a business visitor in town on Tuesday. During the day he called at "The Republican" office and advanced his subscription another year.

We are indebted to Mrs. S. H. Bennison, of Howard, who several days ago very kindly advanced her subscription to "The Republican" another year. Her late husband, Captain Bennison, was a loyal friend of "The Republican" and his little acts of kindness will ever linger in our memory.

John P. Shanahan, a former newspaper man and a very agreeable young man, was in town yesterday as advance representative for "The Arrival of Kitty" company, which will show at Garman's Opera House, on Wednesday evening, November 9. Mr. Shanahan has had considerable experience in the theatrical business and assures us that those who witness "The Arrival of Kitty" will be well pleased.

The Philadelphia "Inquirer" on Tuesday, last, published a splendid photograph of Judge Ellis L. Orvis. Owing to one of those mix-ups that will happen in a busy newspaper office, the cut-line beneath the photograph announced that the likeness was that of J. C. Harper, also of Bellefonte. Just which one of the two was most complimented was a much-discussed question among their friends, who had lots of fun over the incident.

Contractor Henry Lowry yesterday called us on the phone and ordered "The Republican" sent to his son, James, who is located at Crystal City, Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Lowry recently returned from a delightful three-weeks' trip through the west. They first visited their daughter, Mrs. James Parsons, at McKeesport, from which place they went to Missouri, for a visit with their son, James. Before returning home they visited the William Searson family, former Pennsylvanians, now residing in Nebraska.

Rabbit season opened on Tuesday, last.

Miss Cecelia Armor is this week visiting friends in Philipsburg.

George T. Graham, of State College, was a Philipsburg visitor on Monday.

Stop that cough—Cherry Bark Cough Syrup will do it. Sold at Green's Pharmacy Co.

Herbert McCoy, of Jersey Shore, spent Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCoy.

Harry Gentzel, an engineer on the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, spent last Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gentzel, at Nigh Bank. Before returning to his work on Monday, he made a pleasant call at this office.

P. E. Hicks, the accommodating station agent at Scotia, last week entered his name as a regular reader of "The Republican" and also ordered the paper sent to his brother-in-law, W. A. Montgomery, at Wilkinsburg. Mr. Hicks recently enjoyed a trip to New York as a guest of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Our new subscribers during the last few days include Andy Tomco, Jr., W. H. Ghaner, John Hassinger, Charles Ghaner, William White and J. W. Lytle who are always on the job when the ore mines are in operation at Scotia. The fact that they are wanted by the management at Scotia is the best evidence of their ability. Incidentally, we might add, the fact that they are such good men is one very good reason why we are glad to have them become regular readers of "The Republican."

Mrs. Anna Waite, who is the mother of Darius Waite and who now is in her eightieth year, on Tuesday had a bad fall, resulting in a fracture of the thigh. About one year ago she suffered what was believed to be a slight stroke and since that time has been in a more or less enfeebled condition. While in the act of turning around, in her home, on Tuesday, she supposedly lost control of herself and fell heavily to the floor. Owing to her advanced age her injuries are naturally regarded as serious.

We regard it as a compliment to "The Republican" that so many of our newly enrolled subscribers during the last few days are residents of one section of the county. We are glad to note the fact that these include William Bottorff, Joseph Rearick, E. M. Markley, Charles E. Hartsock and Jonas Stine, Jr., all employed at Scotia and men of recognized worth in the community in which they live. To each one of this group of good fellows we want to say one thing: If we fail to "make good" in giving you a live, interesting, up-to-date newspaper every week, the disappointment will be ours much more than it will be yours.

The past is gone. The present, as you read these lines will slip in the past. The future is the only tangible thing for mortal man to grasp at, and the wise man makes this future as valuable as possible by avoiding past mistakes. He also takes a leaf out of the note-book of his neighbor on the subject. He does those things which past experience has proven to be wise and sensible, and he bases his calculations upon the fact that like methods and plans will produce like results. That is why we want you to carefully study the history of the Royal Union. Its record is as nearly perfect as it is possible for a human institution to be. Our bid for your patronage is based upon what the Company has actually accomplished for its policy holders. There is no surer way of forecasting what a company may be expected to do in the future. We know that if you were assured that you would come out as well in the next twenty years in the Royal Union as its policy holders have done in the past twenty, there would be no difficulty in selling you insurance in this company. That's why we ought to get together. To save you costly experience of your own, we can give you paid for experience of others.

The Royal Union Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

OF DEMOINES, IA.,

JAMES I. THOMPSON,

GENERAL AGENT,

LEMONT, PENNA.

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Benjamin Clothes

"Bobbing" for apples is an old custom still practiced on all Hallowe'en nights. It is a difficult feat to harpoon the apple you aim at.

Now it is not necessary to go "bobbing" for a Suit or Overcoat. Come here and be perfectly fitted. You'll get just what you want at a reasonable price with one of our Benjamin Suits, made in New York.

MONTGOMERY & CO.